

Ex-Presidente



Presidente



Philip Poortmans, MD, PhD

El Perito Moreno

EL PERITO MORENO



Parque nacional de los glaciares
El 4 de abril 2019

3º Taller Internacional Multidisciplinario de Cáncer de Mama

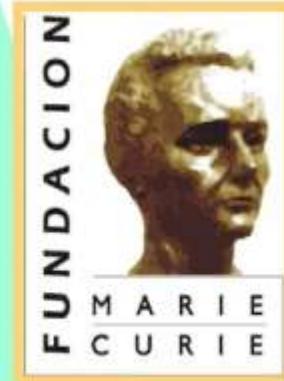
&

1º Simposio de Cáncer Ginecológico

&

1º Taller de Planificación y Control de Calidad para Radiocirugía

"De la práctica a las bases teóricas"



Instituto Zürino

Debería el perfil molecular influenciar el

tratamiento locoregional?



No tengo ningún conflicto de interés.

Instituto Zunino

Fundación Marie Curie

Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

1. Introduction

2. Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

3. Discussion

4. Conclusions



Instituto Zunino

Fundación Marie Curie

3º Taller Internacional Multidisciplinario de Cáncer de Mama

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1º Simposio de Cáncer Ginecológico



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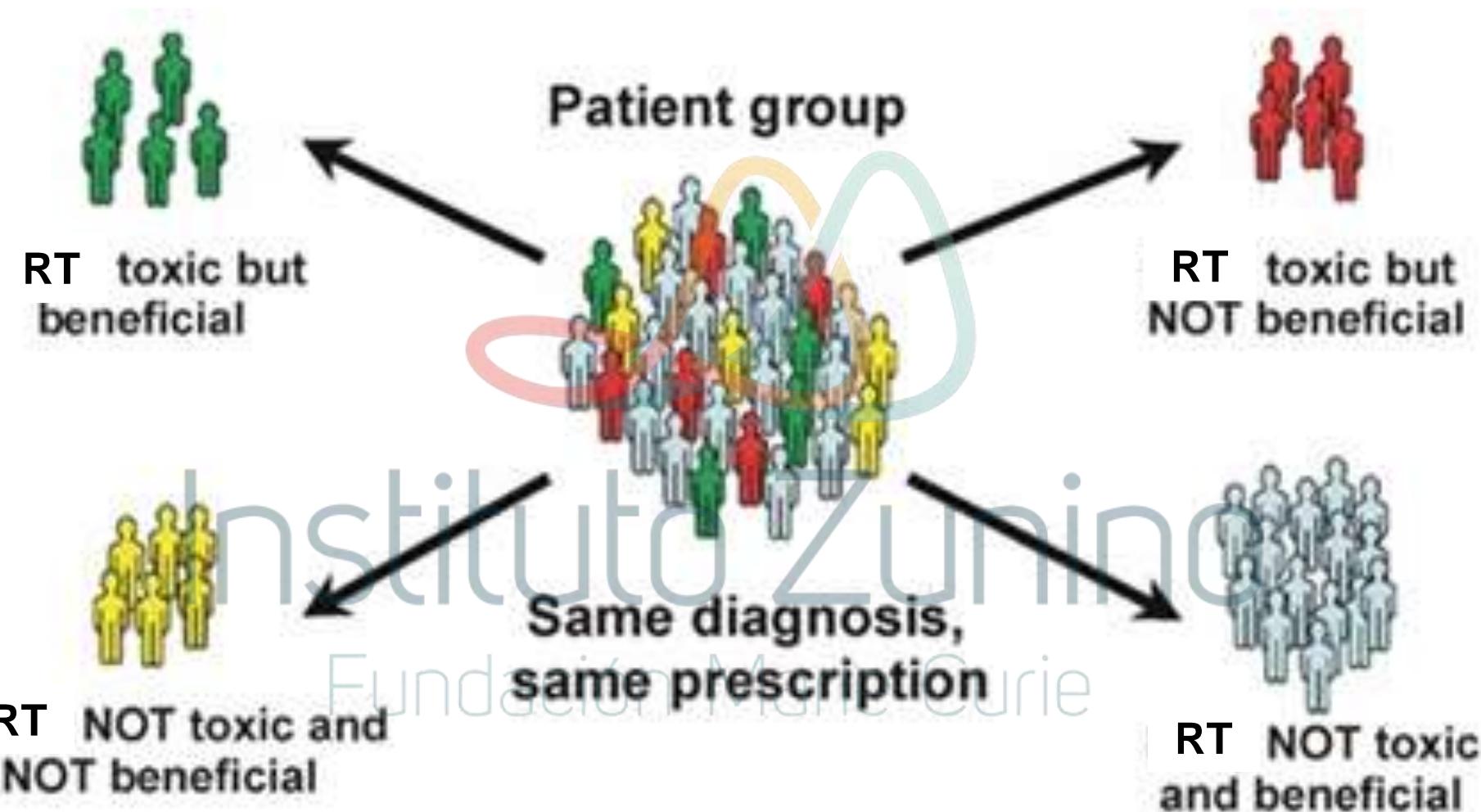
Instituto Zürich

Examen de los ganglios axilares: Una

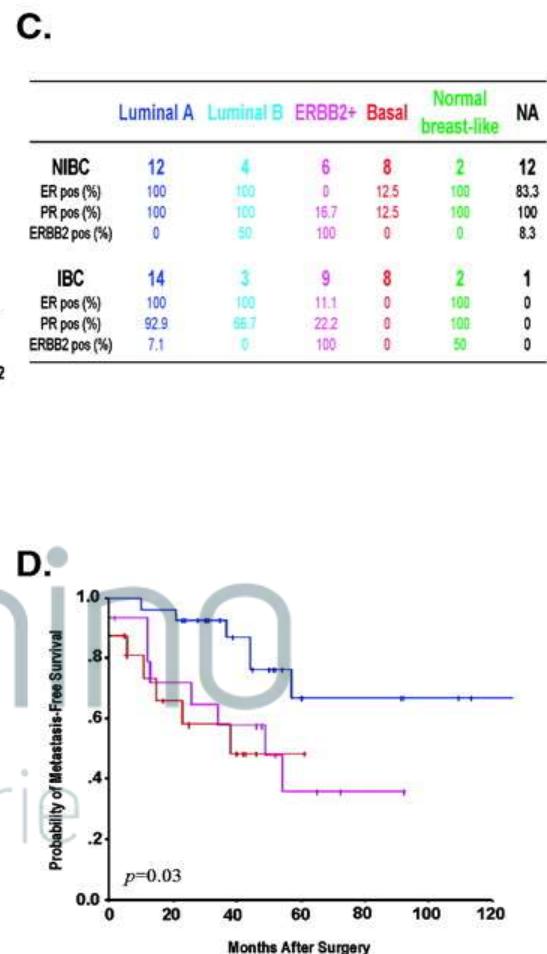
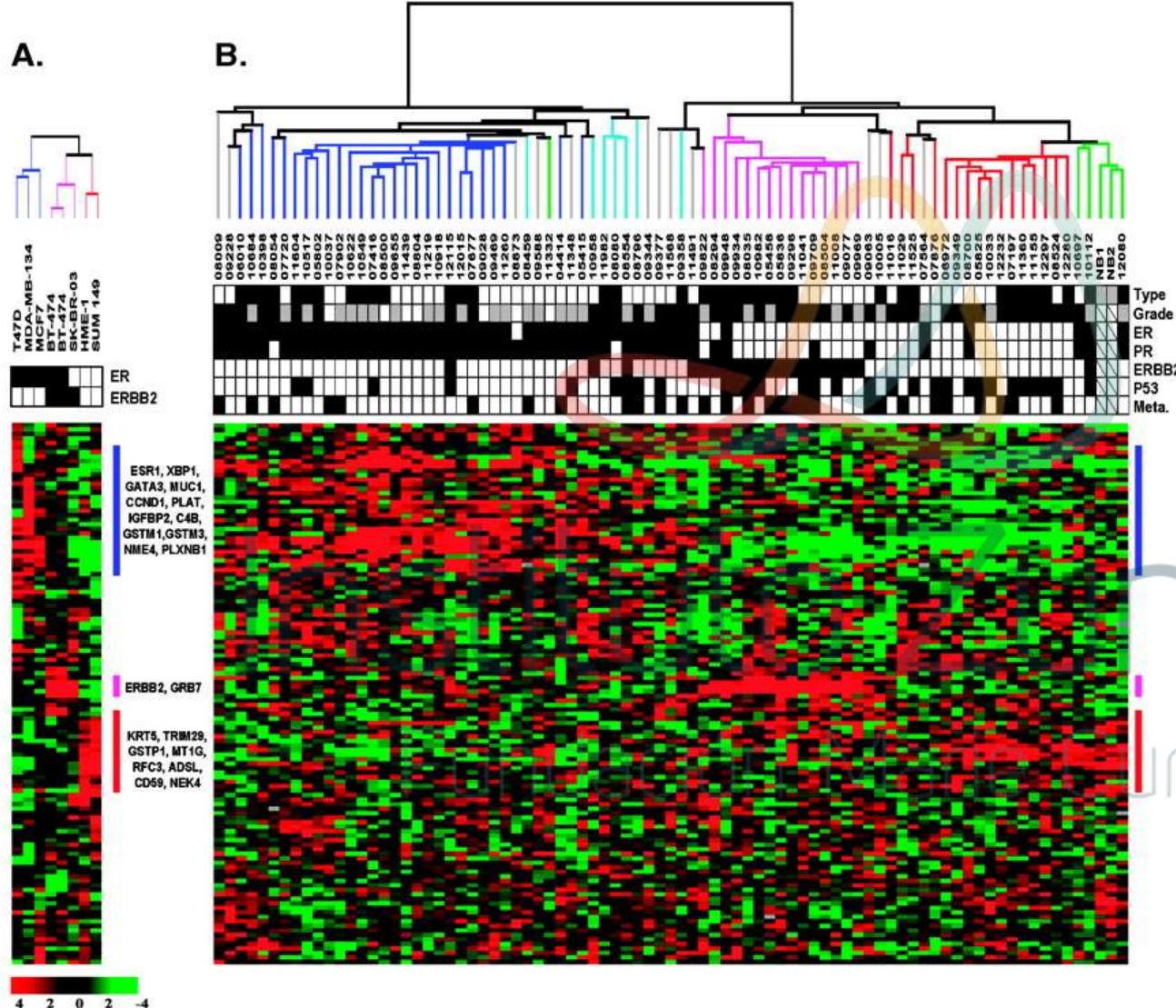
batalla entre la cirugía y la radioterapia?

Vienen a escucharme mañana!

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Introduction*

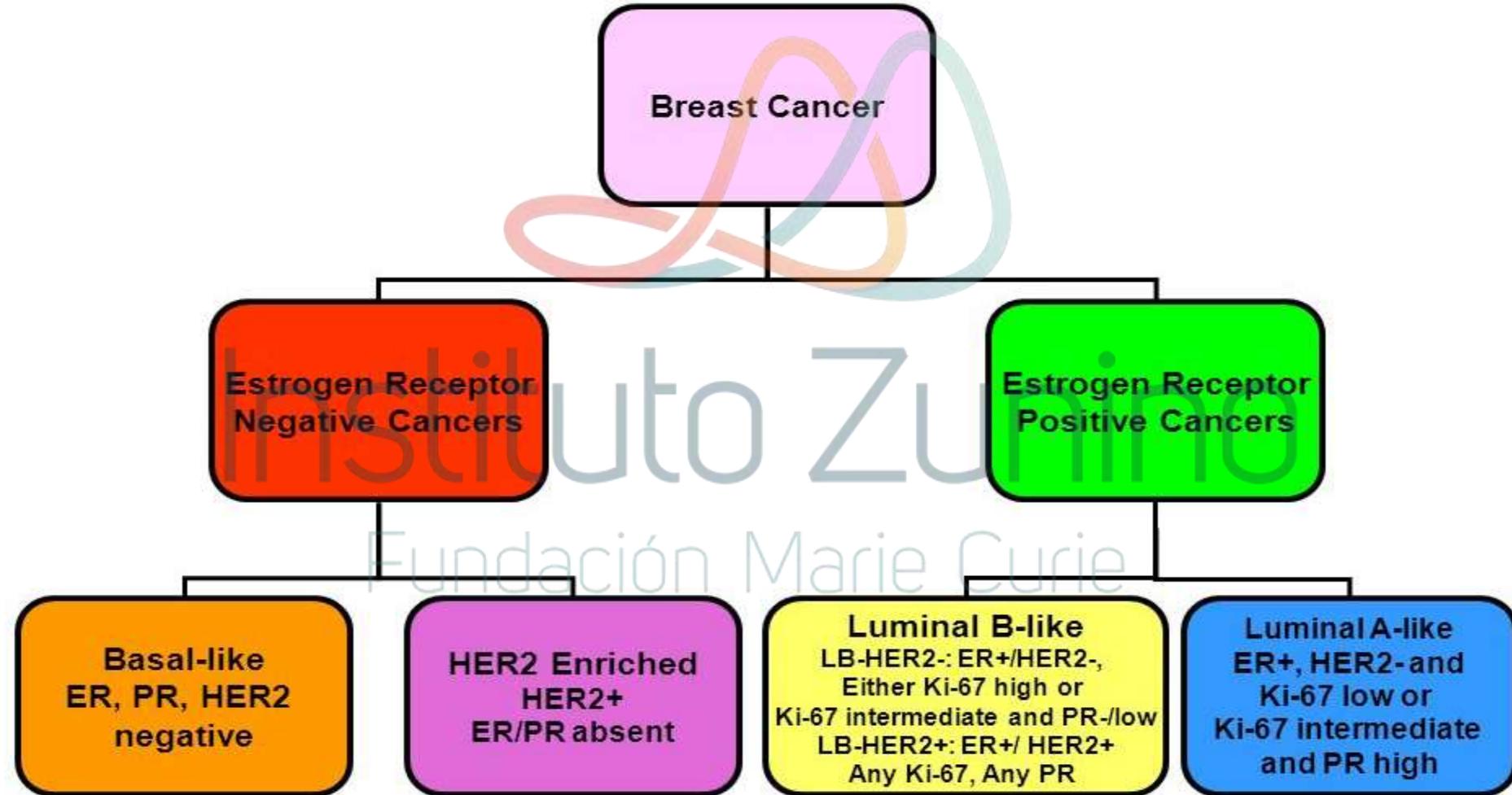


Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Introduction*



Molecular Classification

2016



Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

1. Introduction

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3. Discussion

Instituto Zunino

4. Conclusions

Fundación Marie Curie

Is the benefit of postmastectomy irradiation limited to patients with four or more positive nodes, as recommended in international consensus reports? A subgroup analysis of the DBCG 82 b&c randomized trials[☆]

Marie Overgaard^{a,*}, Hanne M. Nielsen^{a,b}, Jens Overgaard^b

Parameter	1–3 pos. nodes	4+ pos. nodes
Endpoint: loco-regional recurrence	87%	82%
Relative risk reduction	20%	24%
Absolute risk reduction	5	4
Number of patients needed to treat to avoid an LRR	17%	11%
Endpoint: death	9%	10%
Relative risk reduction	11%	10%
Absolute risk reduction	10	10
Number of patients needed to treat to avoid a death	11	10

ABSOLUTELY
IDENTICAL!



A bright future for radiotherapy in breast cancer

Editorial

Philip Poortmans*

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Early experience*

High local recurrence risk is not associated with large survival reduction after postmastectomy radiotherapy in high-risk breast cancer: A subgroup analysis of DBCG 82 b&c[☆]

Marianne Kyndi^{a,b,*}, Marie Overgaard^c, Hanne M. Nielsen^a, Flemming B. Sørensen^b, Helle Knudsen^d,
Jens Overgaard^a

Instituto Zürino

Fundación Marie Curie



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Early experience*

1982 – 1990

DBCG 82 b&c

n = 3083

Either:

pN+

T3-T4

Invasion of the pectoral fascia

AI,I patients received CMF or Tamoxifen

MRM

® ± RT

DBCG 82 b&c

5 favourable criteria:

$\leq 3 N^+$

$\leq 2 \text{ cm } T$

ER +

G1

Her-2-neu –

→ Low risk = $\geq 4/5$ favourable criteria

3 unfavourable criteria:

$> 3 N^+$

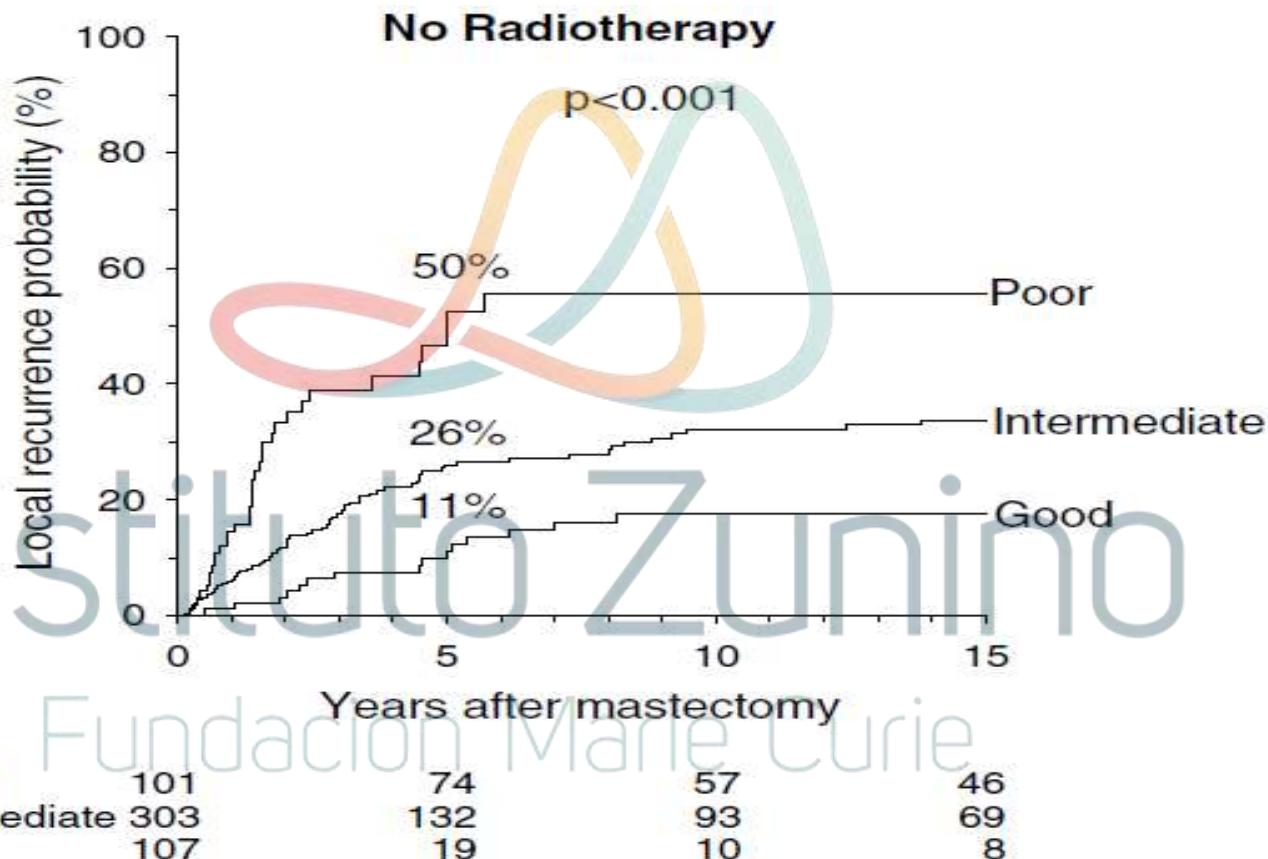
$> 5 \text{ cm } T$

G3

→ High risk = $\geq 2/3$ unfavourable criteria

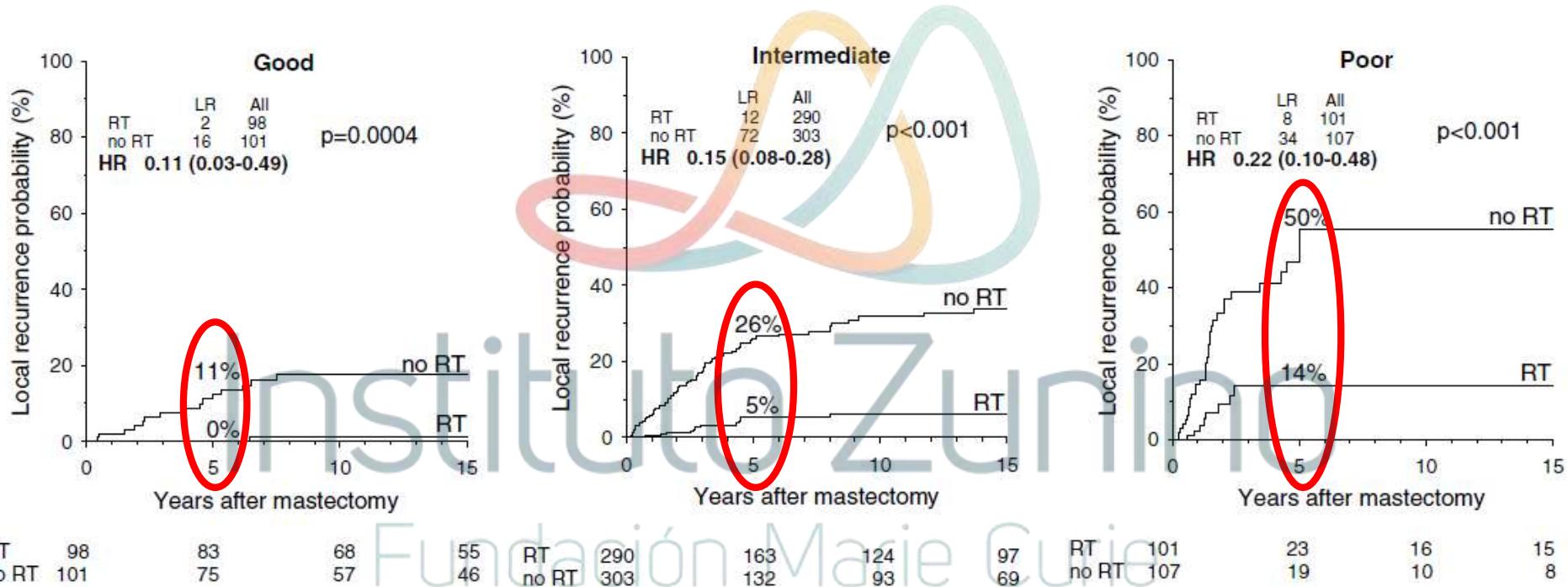
→ Intermediate risk = all others

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Early experience



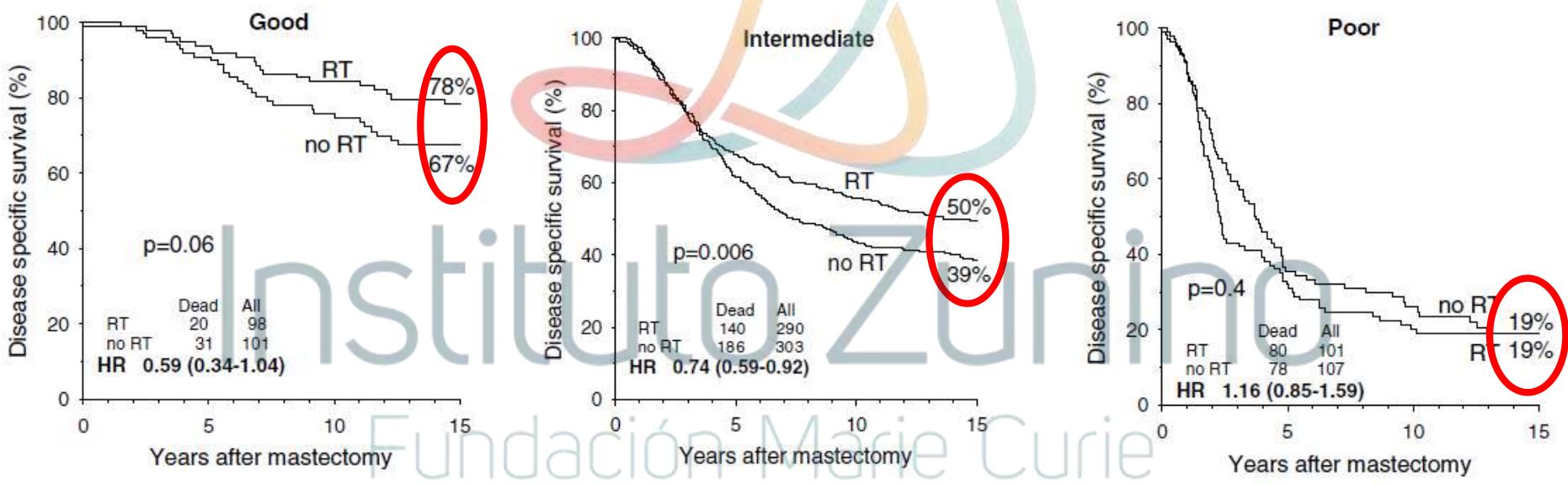
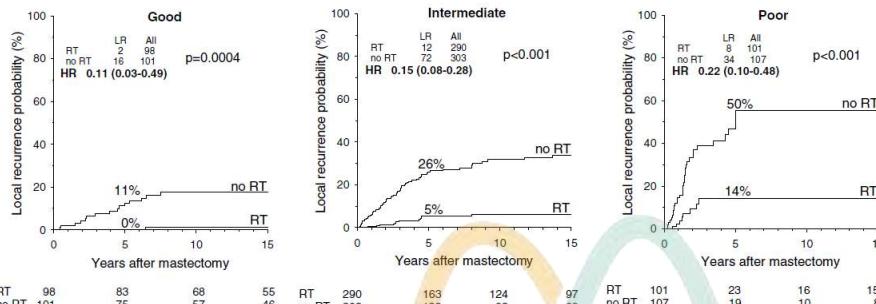
Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Early experience

LRR



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Early experience

DSS

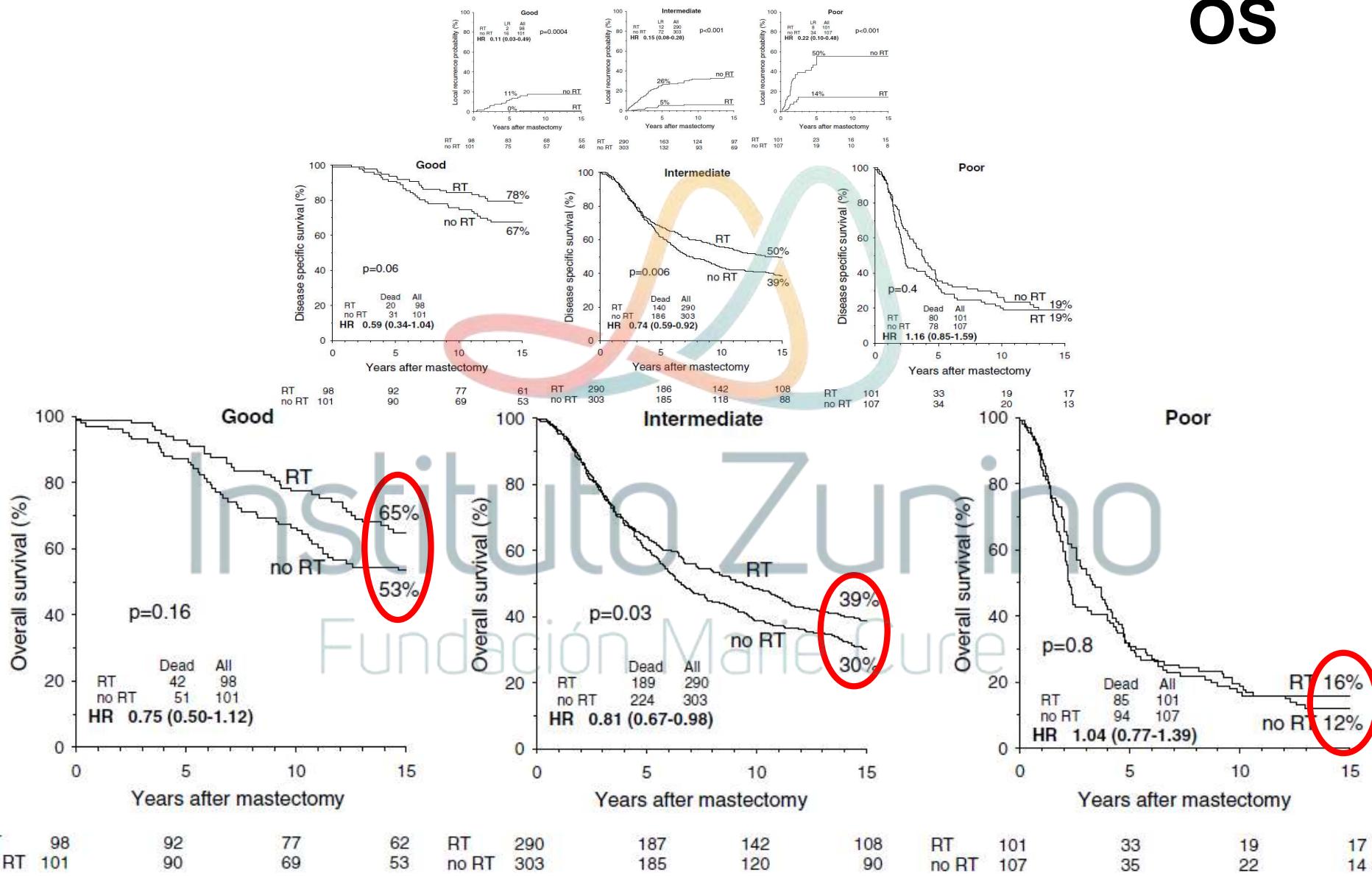


RT	98	92	77	61	RT	290	186	142	108	RT	101	33	34	19	20	17
no RT	101	90	69	53	no RT	303	185	118	88	no RT	107	34	17	13		

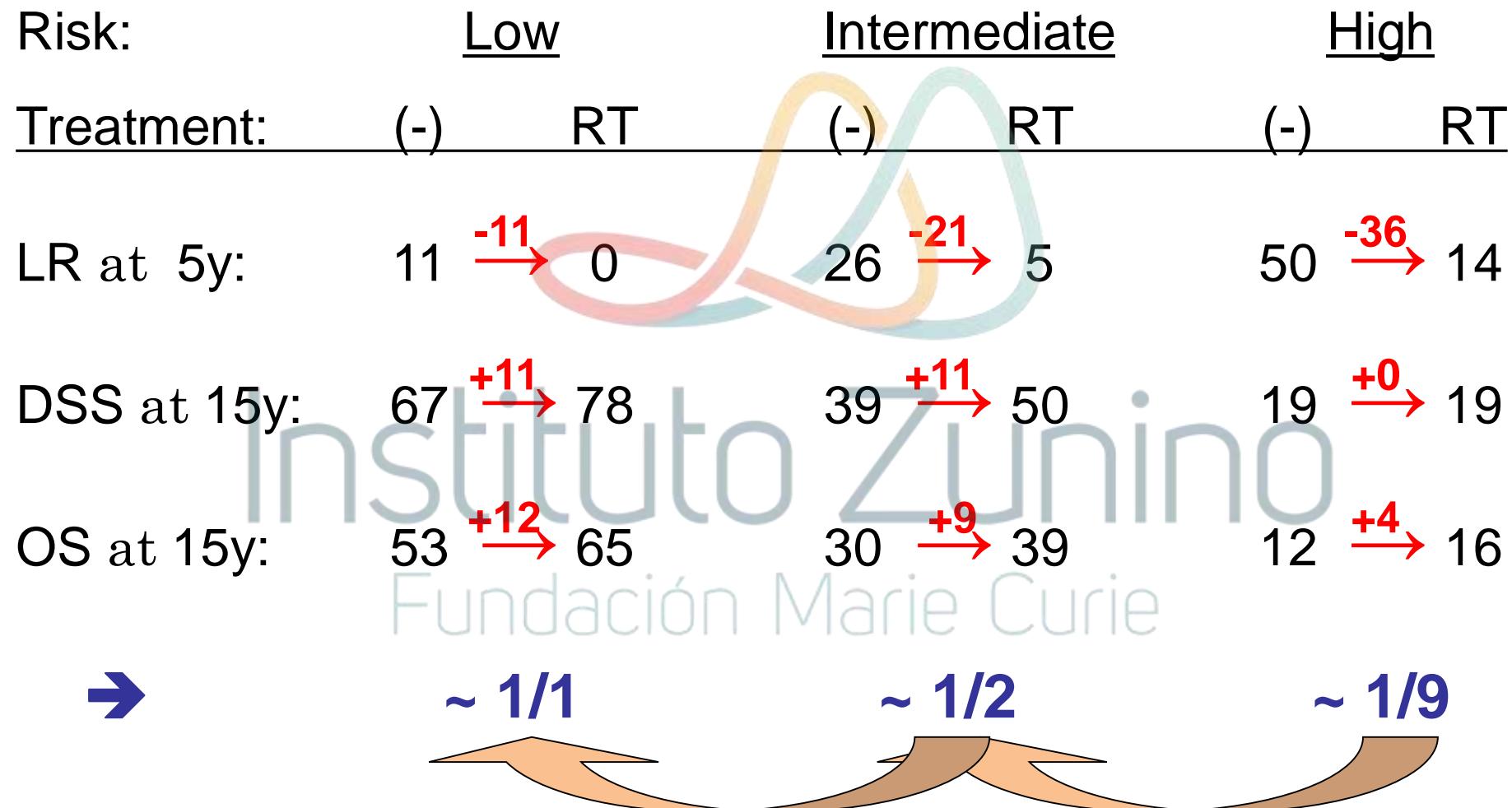


Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Early experience

OS



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Early experience



Estrogen Receptor, Progesterone Receptor, HER-2, and Response to Postmastectomy Radiotherapy in High-Risk Breast Cancer: The Danish Breast Cancer Cooperative Group

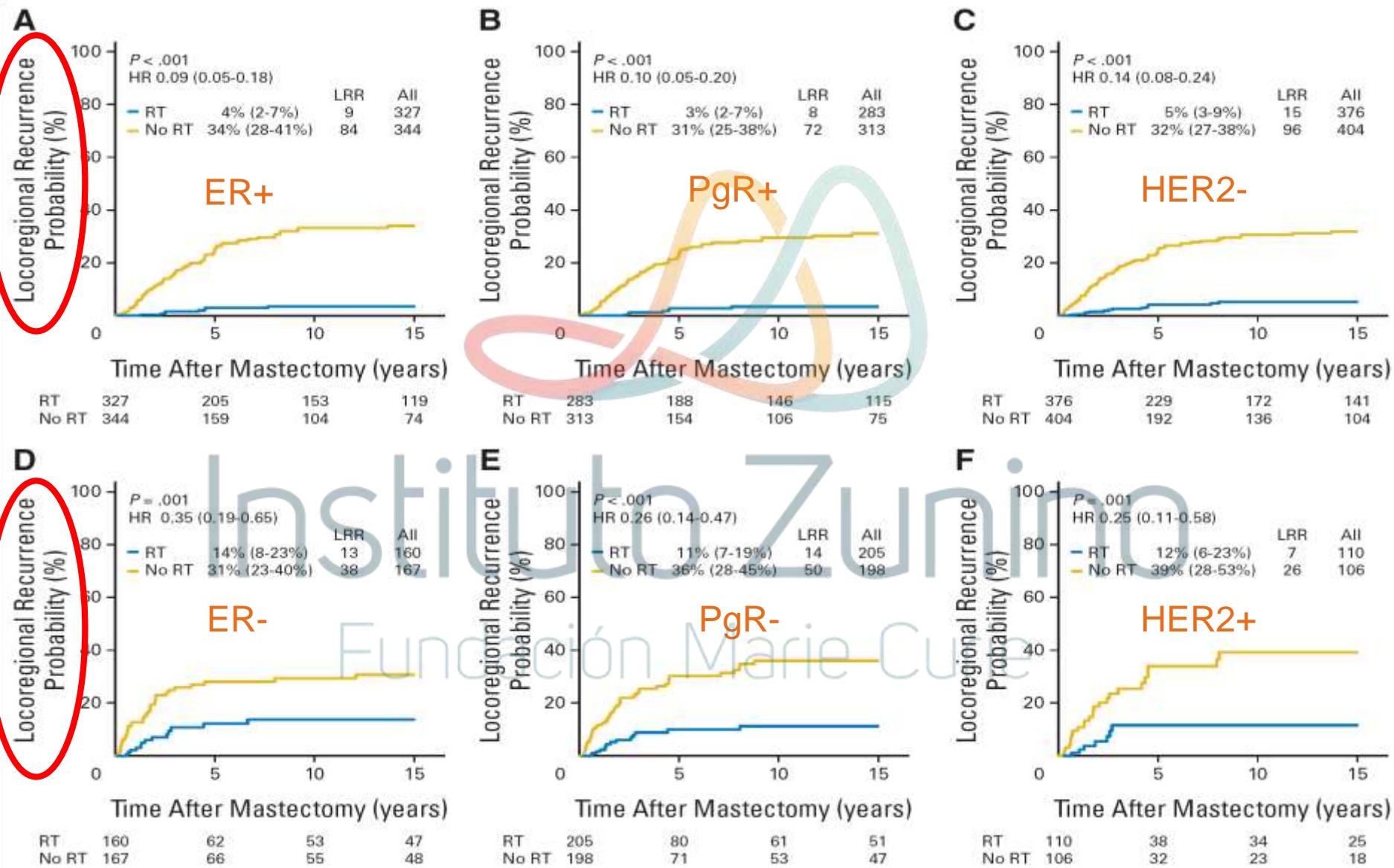
Marianne Kyndi, Flemming B. Sørensen, Helle Knudsen, Marie Overgaard, Hanne Melgaard Nielsen, and Jens Overgaard

Instituto Zunino

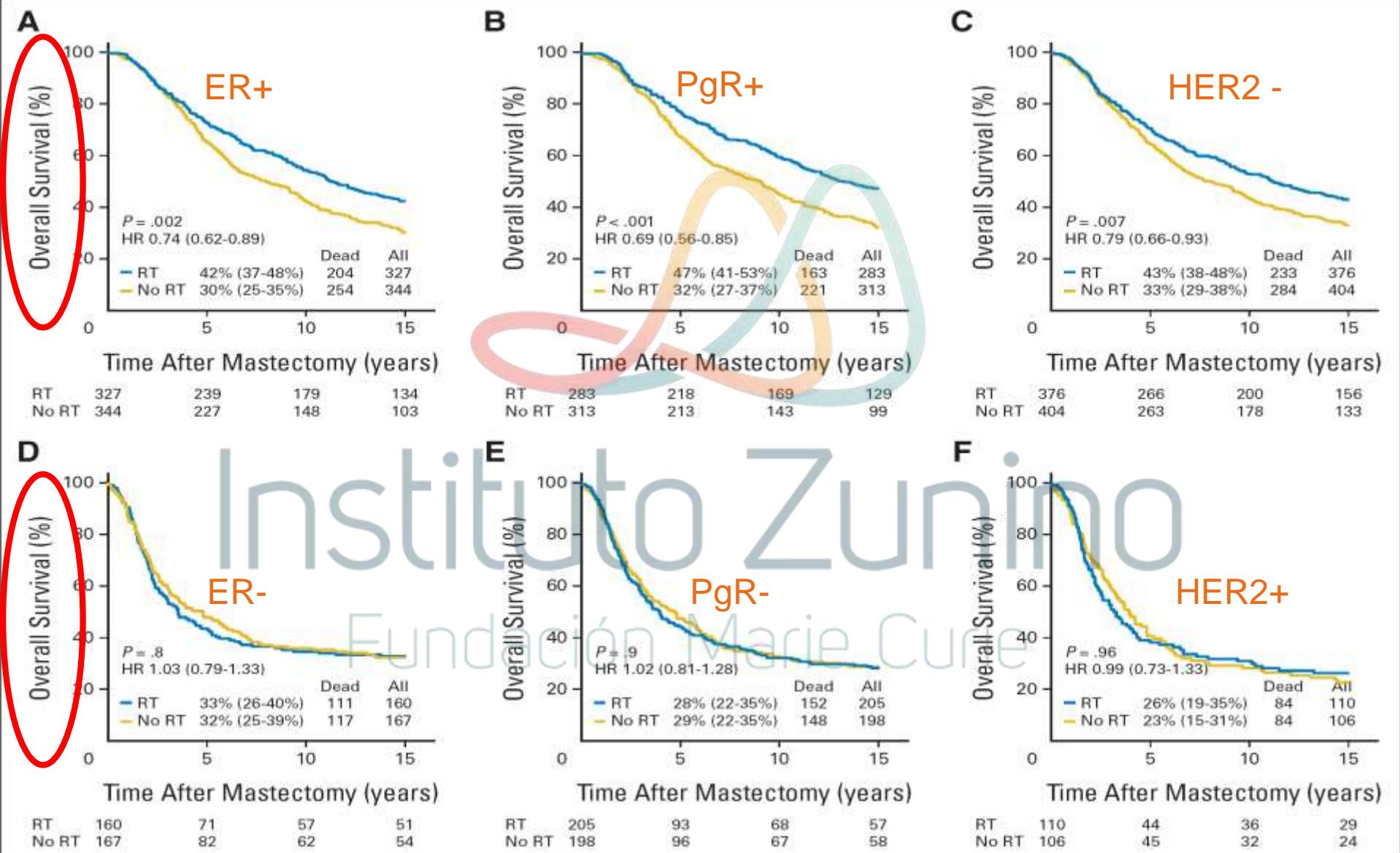
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The same DBCG 82 b&c cohort, N=1000

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

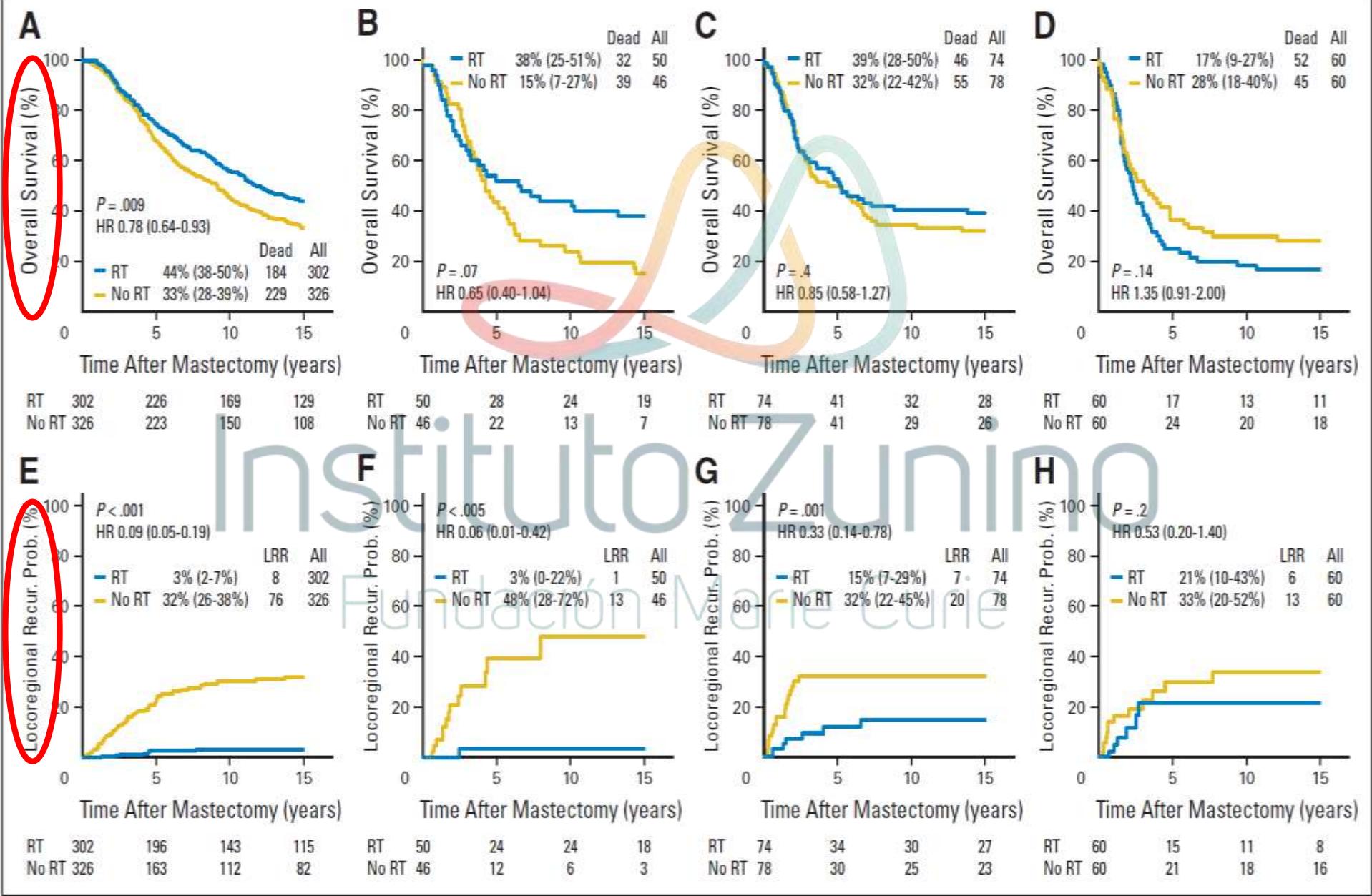


Rec+, HER2-
"Luminal A"
63%

Rec+, HER2+
"Luminal B"
10%

Triple neg
"Basal like"
15%

Rec-, HER2+
"HER2 like"
12%



Rec+, HER2-
"Luminal A"
63%

Rec+, HER2+
"Luminal B"
10%

Triple neg
"Basal like"
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Rec-, HER2+
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12%

This study supports the spectrum hypothesis:

- Local disease in Luminal-A
- Micrometastases in triple negative and HER-2



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Rec+, HER2-
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10%

Triple neg
"Basal like"
15%

Rec-, HER2+
"HER2 like"
12%

This study supports the spectrum hypothesis:

- Local disease in Luminal-A
- Mixed in Luminal-B
 - *With adjuvant endocrine treatment & CMF*
- Micrometastases in triple negative and HER-2
 - *Insufficient systemic treatment in the 80ties*

To be explored further:

- Influence of adjuvant systemic treatments

Rec+, HER2-
"Luminal A"
63%

Rec+, HER2+
"Luminal B"
10%

Triple neg
"Basal like"
15%

Rec-, HER2+
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12%

This study supports the spectrum hypothesis:

- Local disease in Luminal-A
- Mixed in Luminal-B
 - *With adjuvant endocrine treatment & CMF*
- Micrometastases in triple negative and HER-2



To be explored further:

- Role of radioresistance of Rec- and HER-2

Breast Cancer Subtype Approximated by Estrogen Receptor, Progesterone Receptor, and HER-2 Is Associated With Local and Distant Recurrence After Breast-Conserving Therapy

Paul L. Nguyen, Alphonse G. Taghian, Matthew S. Katz, Andrzej Niemierko, Rita F. Abi Raad, Whitney L. Boon, Jennifer R. Bellon, Julia S. Wong, Barbara L. Smith, and Jay R. Harris

BCS 1998-2001; N=793

FU = 70 months

Systemic therapy:

Chemotherapy 88% of N+ and 29% of N0

Hormonal therapy to 88% of patients with ER+ / PgR+ disease

No trastuzumab

Radiation therapy:

WBI + boost

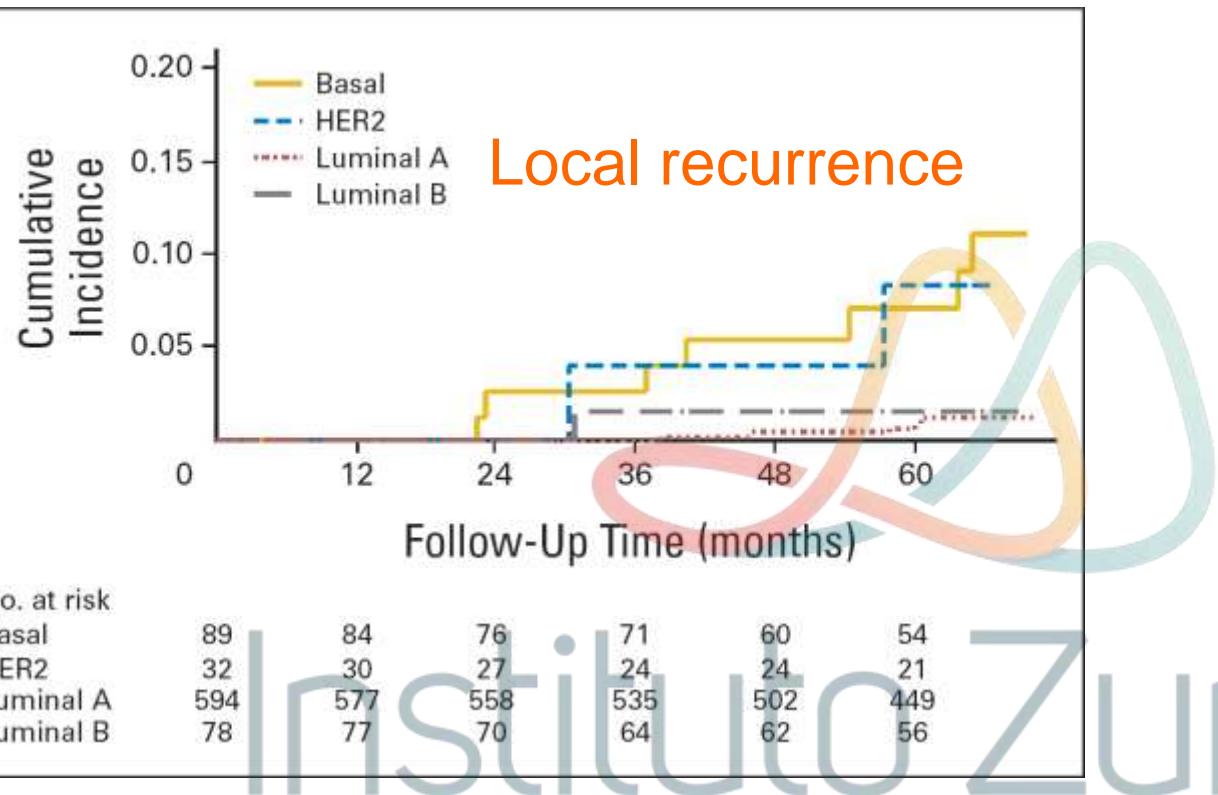
Supraclavicular / axillary field if N2-disease

- Luminal A: ER+ or PgR+ and HER2-
- Luminal B: ER+ or PgR+ and HER2+
- HER2: ER- or PgR- and HER2+
- Basal: triple neg

N = 18 isolated located recurrences



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

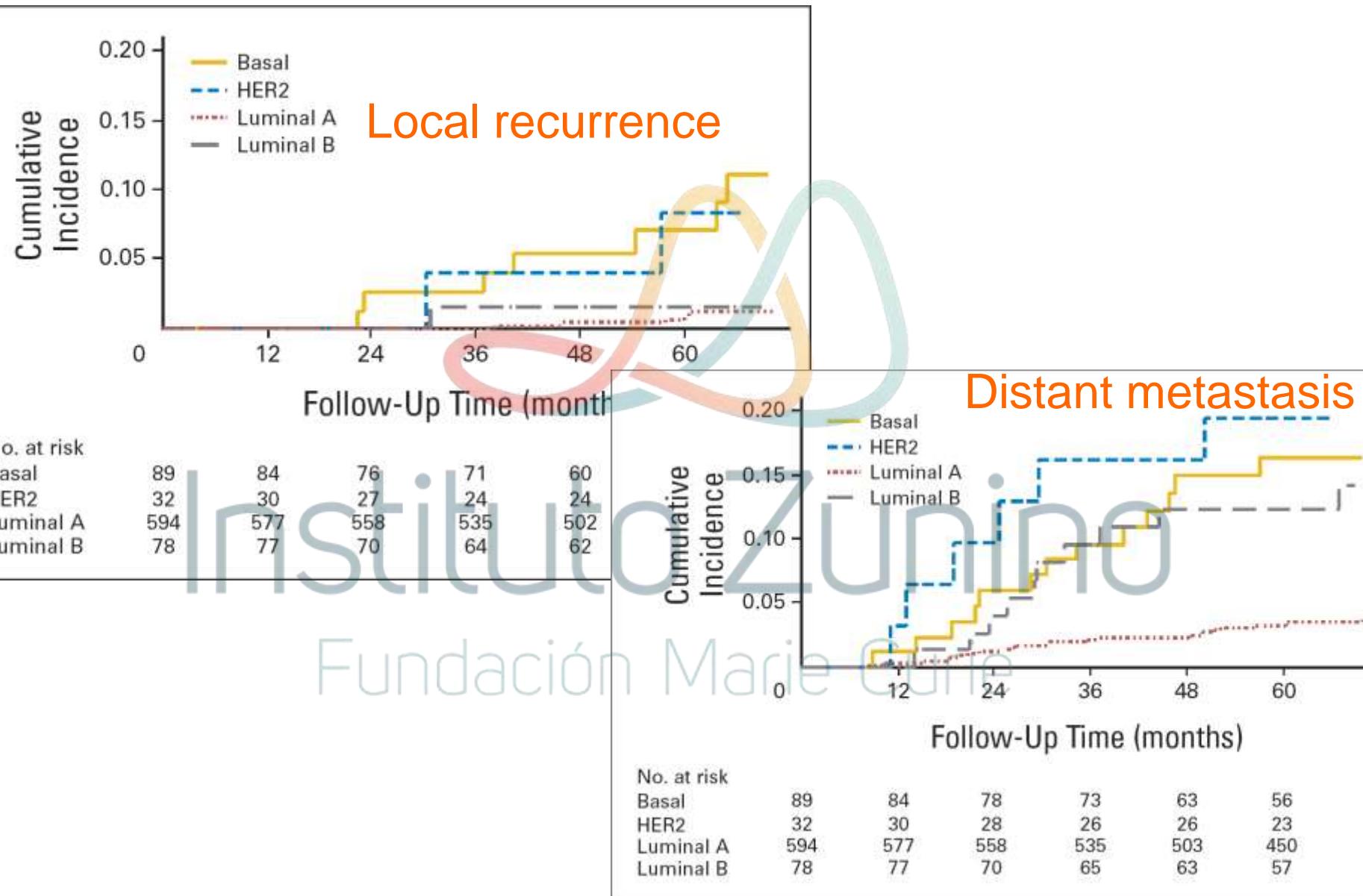


No. at risk						
Basal	89	84	76	71	60	54
HER2	32	30	27	24	24	21
Luminal A	594	577	558	535	502	449
Luminal B	78	77	70	64	62	56

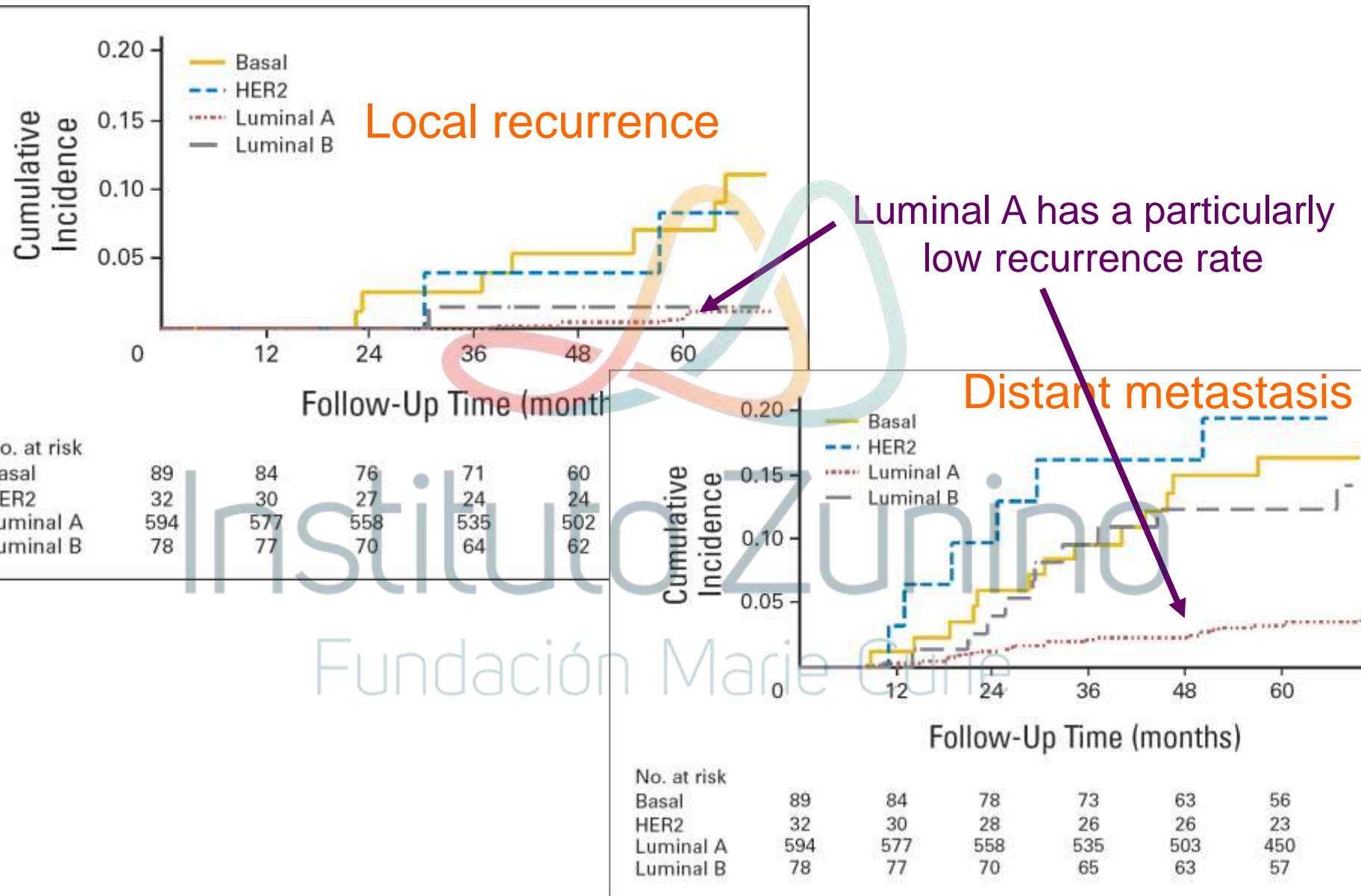
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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience



Association Between the 21-Gene Recurrence Score Assay and Risk of Locoregional Recurrence in Node-Negative, Estrogen Receptor–Positive Breast Cancer: Results From NSABP B-14 and NSABP B-20

Eleftherios P. Mamounas, Gong Tang, Bernard Fisher, Soonmyung Paik, Steven Shak, Joseph P. Costantino, Drew Watson, Charles E. Geyer Jr, D. Lawrence Wickerham, and Norman Wolmark

BCS+RT or MRM 1982-1993; 2 randomised trials:

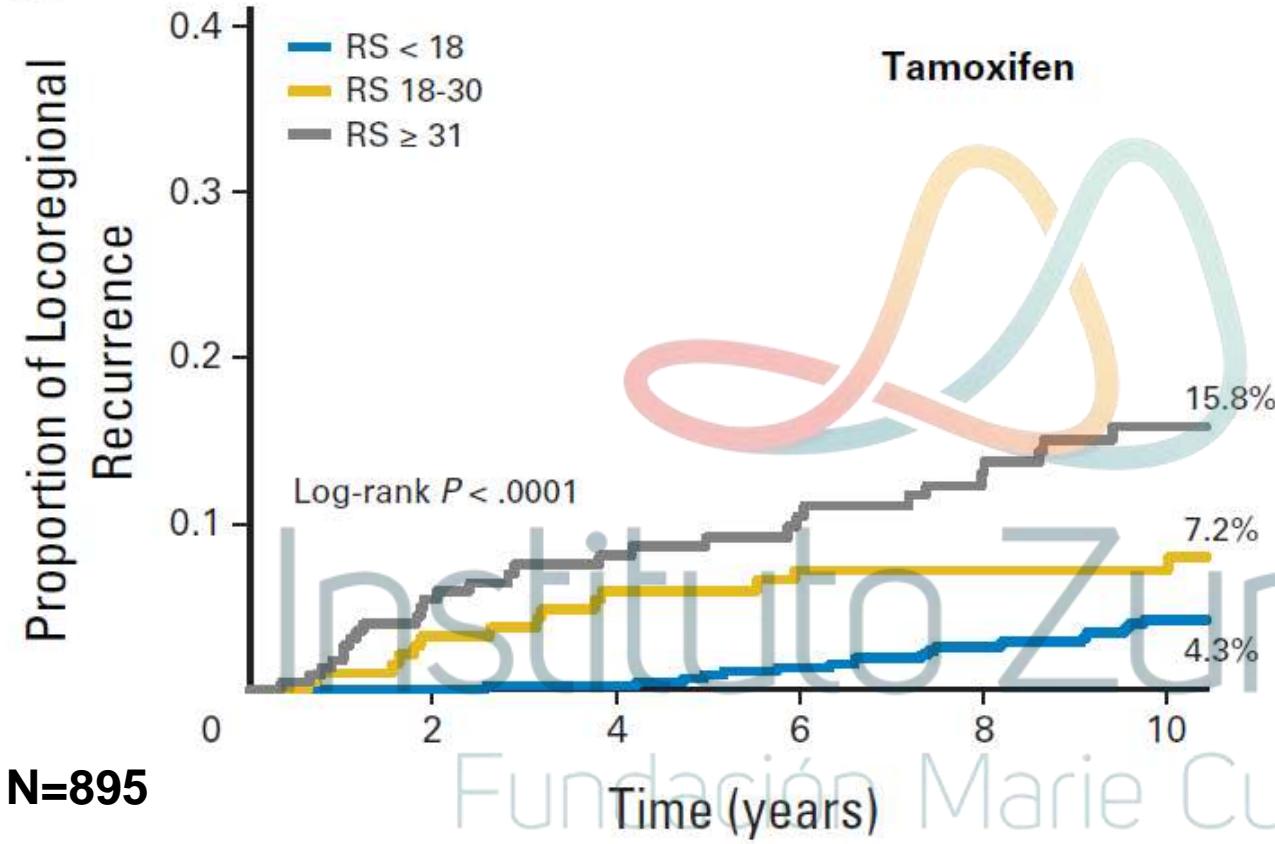
- B-14 : 5 year Tamoxifem vs placebo, later on Tam 5 vs 10 y
- B-20 : Tamoxifen +/- chemo

✓ The 21-gene OncotypeDX recurrence score (RS) assay can predict distant recurrence risk in patients with tumors ER+ and N0

? Can the 21-gene assay predict locoregional recurrence risk?

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

A



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

A

Proportion of Locoregional Recurrence

N=895

B

Proportion of Locoregional Recurrence

N=355

0.4
0.3
0.2

RS < 18
RS 18-30
RS ≥ 31

Log-rank $P = .022$

Placebo

Time (years)

20.0%
18.4%
10.8%



Mamounas EP, et al. JCO 2010;28:1677-83.

33 |

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

A

Proportion of Locoregional
Recurrence

B

Proportion of Locoregional
Recurrence

N=895

N=355

Proportion of Locoregional
Recurrence

N=424

C

Proportion of Locoregional
Recurrence

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.0

RS < 18
RS 18-30
RS ≥ 31

Log-rank $P = .028$

Time (years)

Chemotherapy
+ Tamoxifen

7.8%

2.7%

1.6%



Conclusion:

The 21-gene assay locoregional recurrence risk

- In this group of ER+ and N0 patients
- With this adjuvant systemic treatment

Further studies required:

- To confirm the low LRR risk group → without RT
- To define the high LRR risk group → new RT indications

Chen et al. World Journal of Surgical Oncology 2014, 12:212
<http://www.wjso.com/content/12/1/212>



WORLD JOURNAL OF
SURGICAL ONCOLOGY

RESEARCH

Open Access

The efficacy of molecular subtyping in predicting postoperative recurrence in breast-conserving therapy: a 15-study meta-analysis

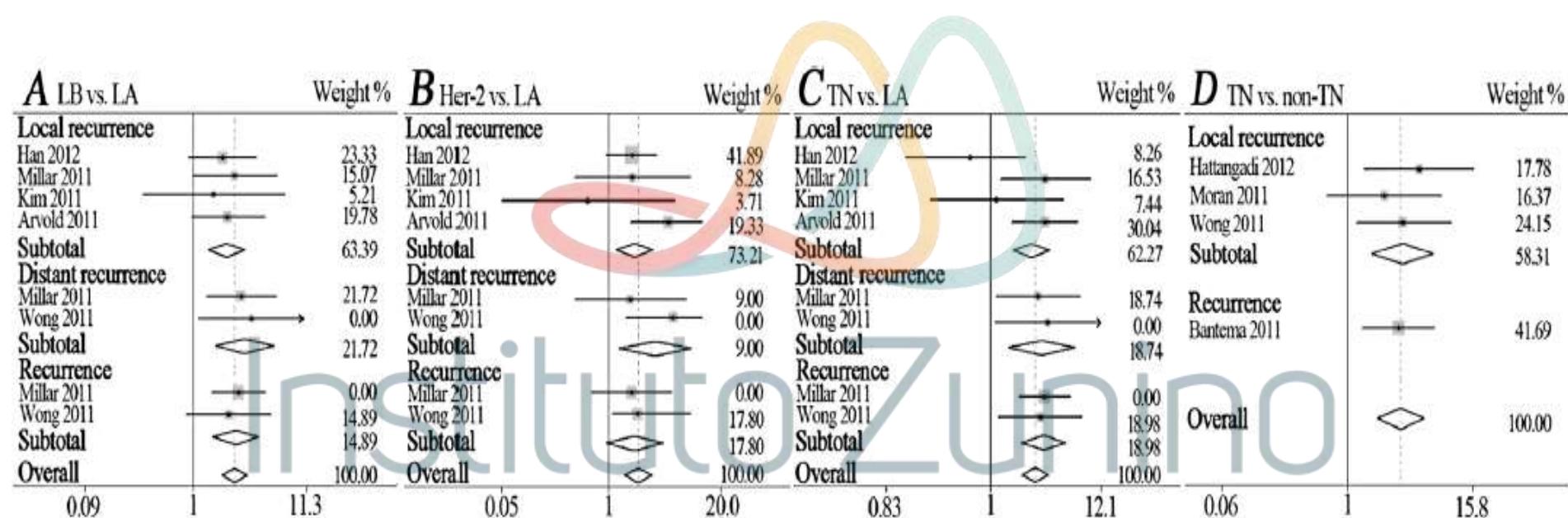
Jing Chen^{1†}, Peng Jiang^{1†}, Han-jin Wang¹, Jia-yi Zhang², Yang Xu², Mu-hong Guo¹, Bin Zhang¹, Chong-yin Tang¹, Hong-yong Cao³ and Shui Wang^{4*}

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$$N = 21.654$$



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience



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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

Table 4 Pooled HRs, 95% CIs, and *P* values of different dichotomous status of ER, PR, and Her-2 protein stratified by recurrence types

Types of recurrence	LB vs. LA			Her-2 vs. LA			TN vs. LA			TN vs. non-TN		
	N	HR (95% CI)	P	N	HR (95% CI)	P	N	HR (95% CI)	P	N	HR (95% CI)	P
Overall	6	2.23 (1.55, 3.19) ^a	<0.01	6	2.26 (1.42, 3.60) ^a	0.001	6	2.90 (1.84, 4.58) ^a	<0.01	4	3.19 (1.91, 5.31) ^a	<0.01
Local recurrence	4	2.05 (1.31, 3.23) ^a	0.002	4	2.33 (1.35, 4.02) ^a	0.002	4	2.64 (1.48, 4.71) ^a	0.001	3	3.31 (1.69, 6.45) ^a	<0.01
Distant recurrence	2	3.08 (1.62, 5.86) ^a	0.001	2	3.64 (1.33, 9.97) ^a	0.012	2	3.60 (1.57, 8.25) ^a	0.002	0	-	-
Recurrence	2	2.54 (1.54, 4.19) ^a	<0.01	2	2.04 (0.93, 4.49) ^a	0.075	2	3.77 (2.17, 6.55) ^a	<0.01	1	3.03 (1.37, 6.67)	-

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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

VOLUME 29 • NUMBER 21 • JULY 20 2011

JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

ORIGINAL REPORT

Increased Risk of Locoregional Recurrence for Women With T1-2N0 Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Treated With Modified Radical Mastectomy Without Adjuvant Radiation Therapy Compared With Breast-Conserving Therapy

Bassam S. Abdulkarim, Julie Cuartero, John Hanson, Jean Deschênes, David Lesniak, and Siham Sabri

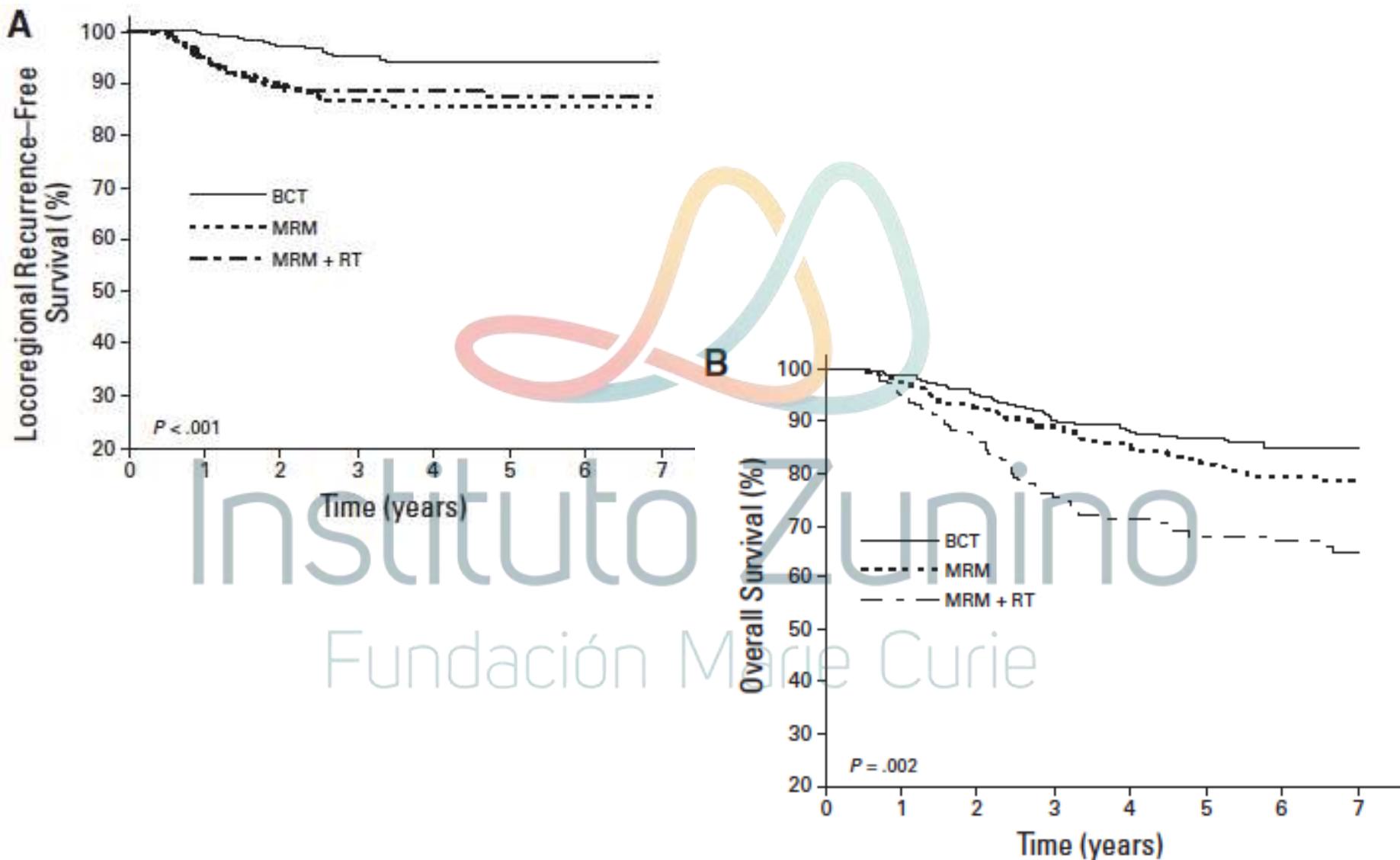
Instituto Unino

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Single institution; N = 768



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience



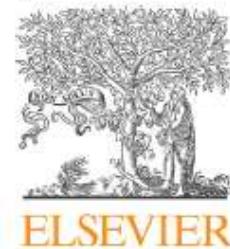
Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

Table 3. Multivariate Analysis of Predictors for LRR and OS of Patients With TNBC

Variable	LRR			OS		
	HR	95% CI	P	HR	95% CI	P
Tumor size						
T1	1			1		
T2	1.14	0.70 to 1.85	.6078	1.8	1.25 to 2.60	< .001
T3	1.42	0.63 to 3.21	.4018	2.16	1.19 to 3.90	.0109
Tumor grade						
1-2	1			1		
3	1.07	0.57 to 2.00	.83	1.06	0.67 to 1.67	.811
LN status						
N0	1			1		
N1 (one to three positive)	3.54	1.95 to 6.40	< .001	2.64	1.69 to 4.14	< .001
N2-N3 (> three positive)	8.67	4.33 to 17.38	< .001	6.48	3.83 to 10.94	< .001
LVI						
Negative	1			1		
Positive	2.08	1.23 to 3.51	.0062	1.86	1.27 to 2.71	< .001
Treatment						
Locoregional therapy						
BCT	1			1		
MRM	3.44	2.04 to 5.80	< .001	1.31	0.81 to 1.92	.3267
MRM + RT	0.72	0.36 to 1.43	.34	0.87	0.55 to 1.40	.5744
Adjuvant chemotherapy						
No	1			1		
Yes	0.39	0.24 to 0.66	< .001	0.29	0.20 to 0.42	< .001

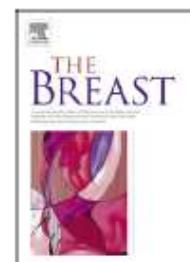
Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

The Breast 24 (2015) 384–390



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

The Breast
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/brst



Original article

Translating the concept of intrinsic subtypes into an oncoplastic cohort of more than 1000 patients – predictors of recurrence and survival



M. Rezai ^{a, 1}, S. Kellersmann ^{a, b, 1, 2}, S. Knispel ^{a, b, 1, 2}, H. Lax ^{c, 3}, R. Kimmig ^{b, 2},
P. Kern ^{a, b, *, 2}

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Rezai M, et al. The Breast 2015;24:380-94.

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Molecular based experience

LRR:
700

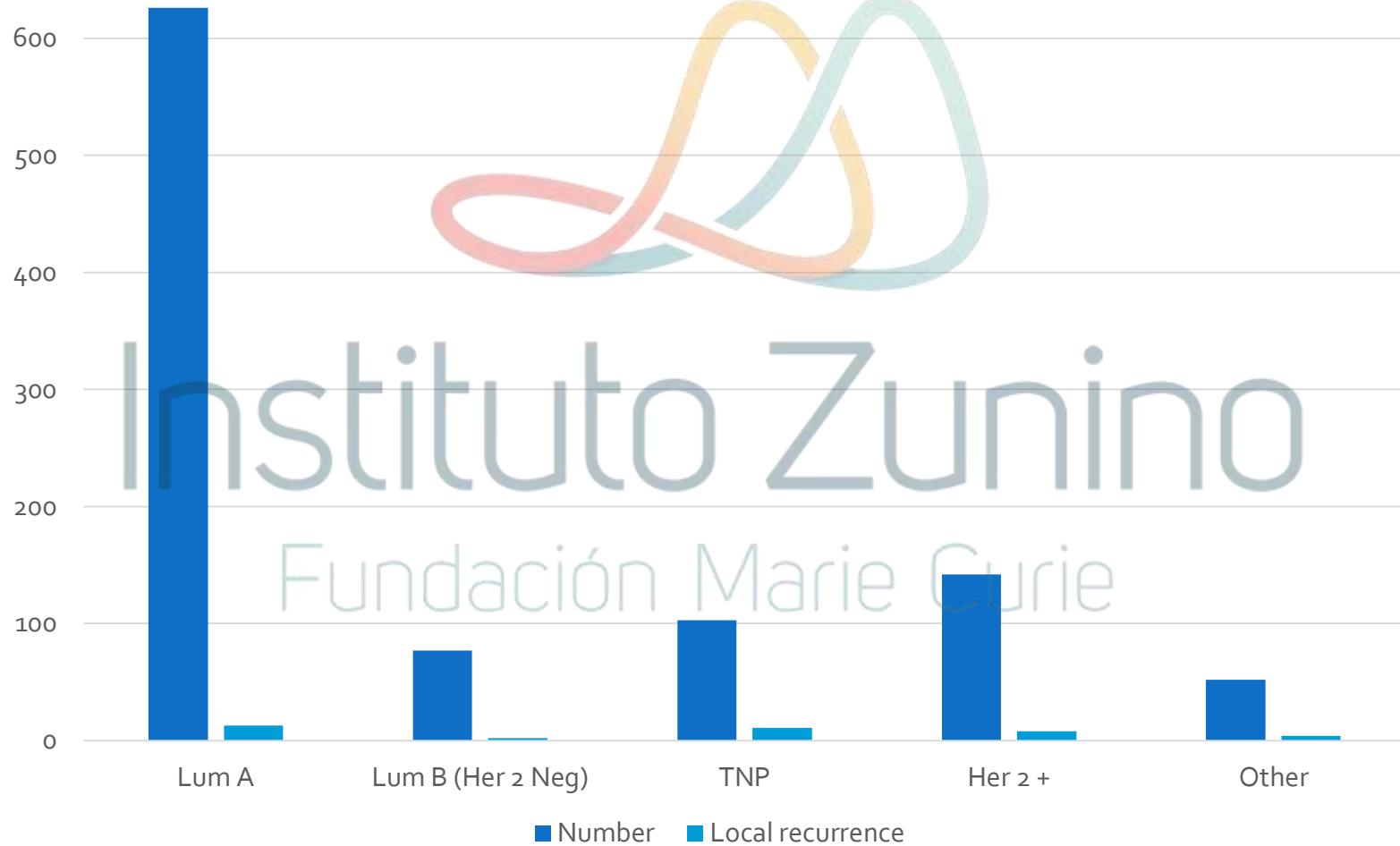
2.2%

2.7%

11.3%

9.3%

Lum B HER-2 +: 3.8%



Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

1. Introduction

2. Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

3. Discussion

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Risk factors for local recurrence:

- After mastectomy
- After lumpectomy +/- WBRT
- After lumpectomy +/- WBRT +/- boost
- After APBI



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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Discussion

Interaction systemic and locoregional treatments

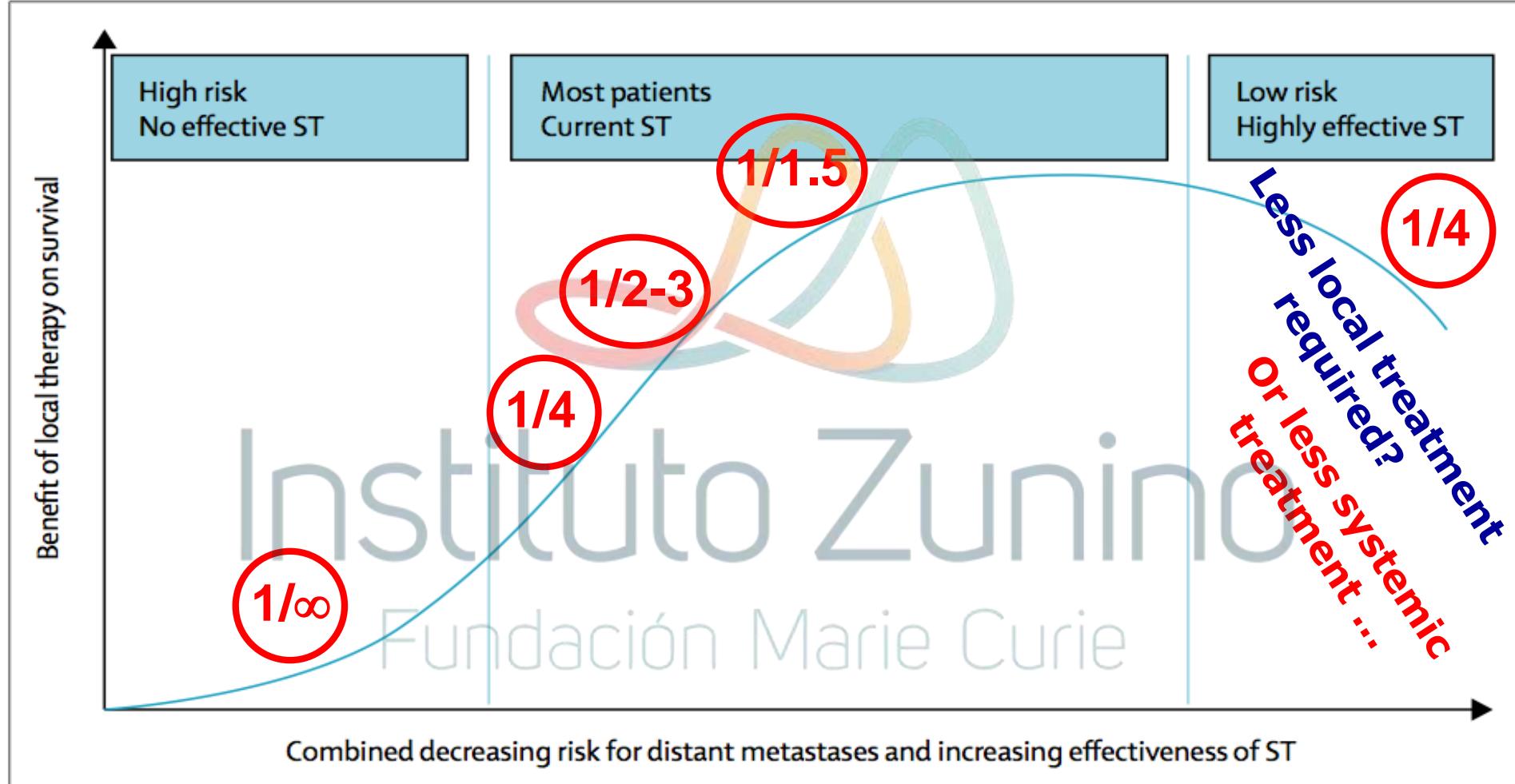


Figure: Combined hypothetical benefit of local tumour control on survival with increasing effectiveness of systemic therapy (ST) and decreasing risk of distant metastases of the primary tumour



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Discussion*

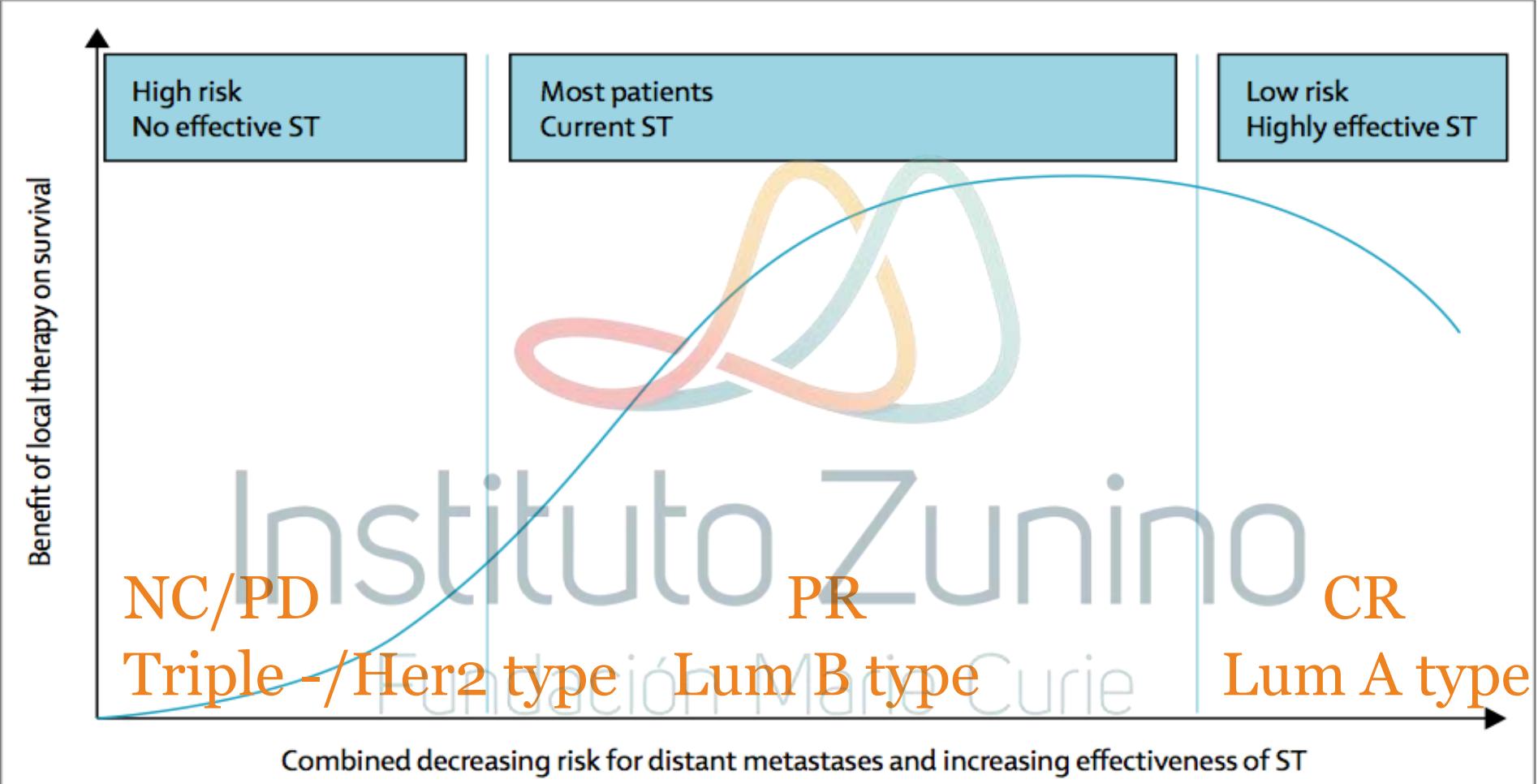


Figure: Combined hypothetical benefit of local tumour control on survival with increasing effectiveness of systemic therapy (ST) and decreasing risk of distant metastases of the primary tumour

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Discussion

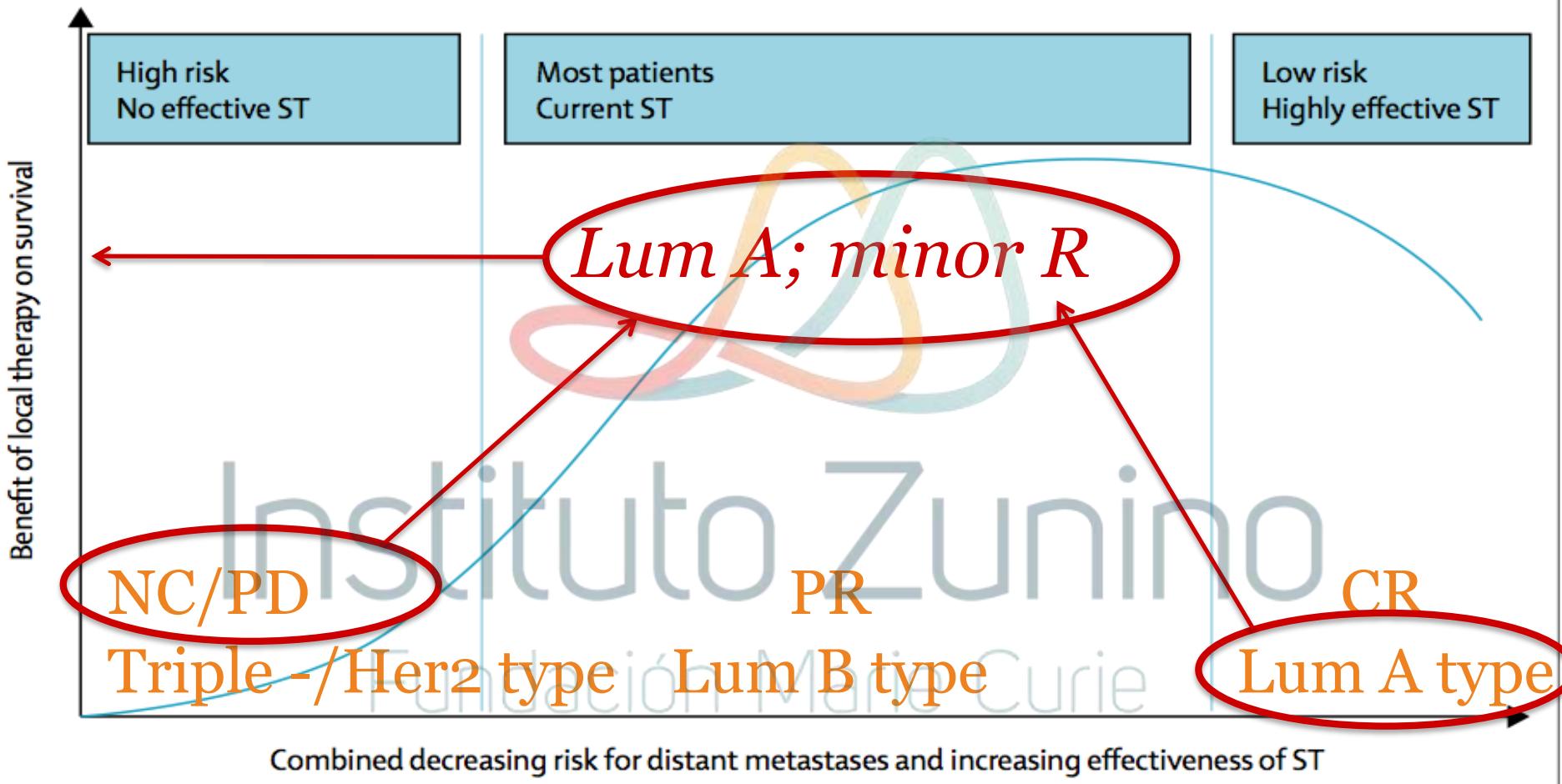


Figure: Combined hypothetical benefit of local tumour control on survival with increasing effectiveness of systemic therapy (ST) and decreasing risk of distant metastases of the primary tumour

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Discussion*

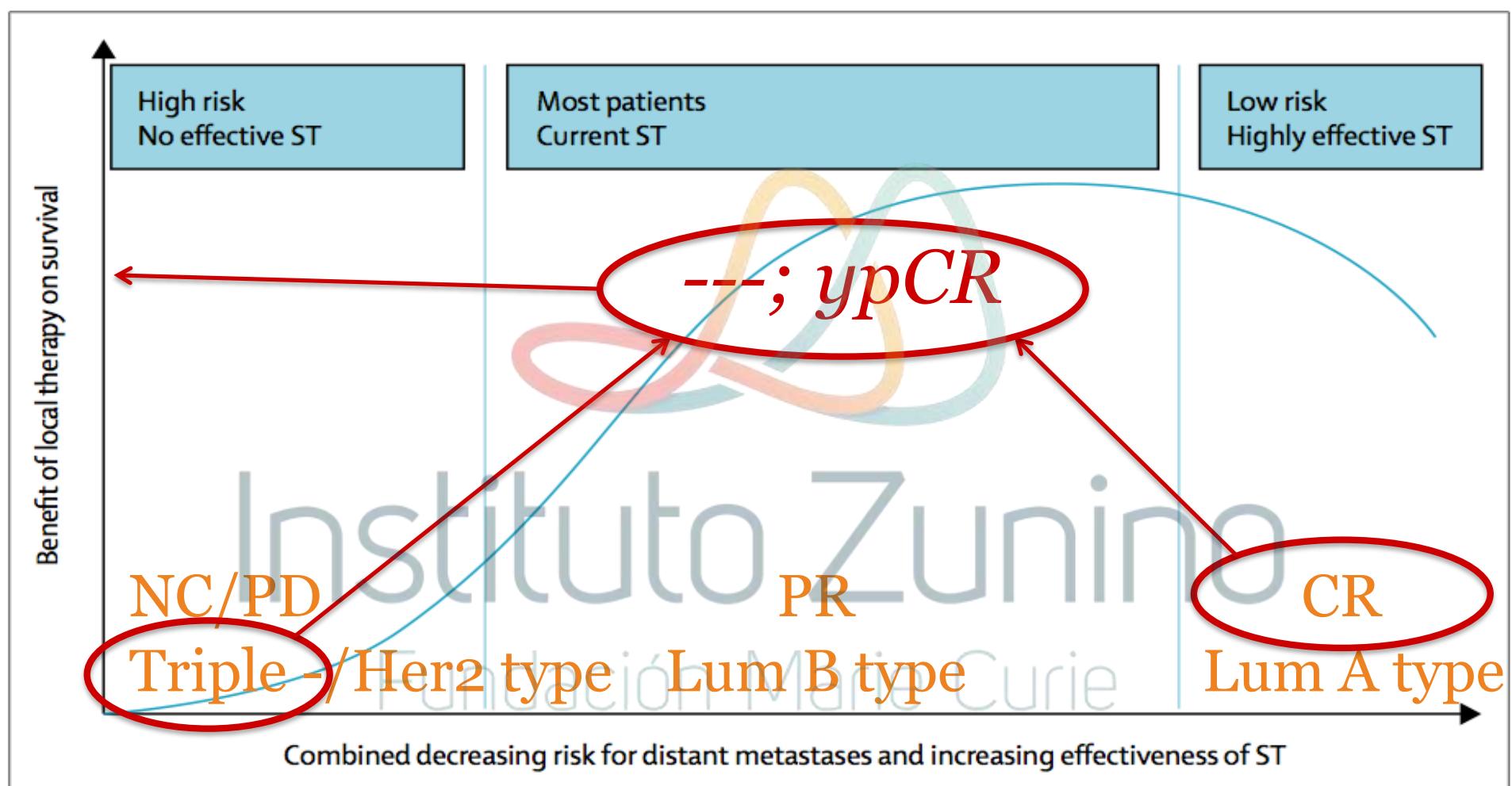


Figure: Combined hypothetical benefit of local tumour control on survival with increasing effectiveness of systemic therapy (ST) and decreasing risk of distant metastases of the primary tumour

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Discussion*

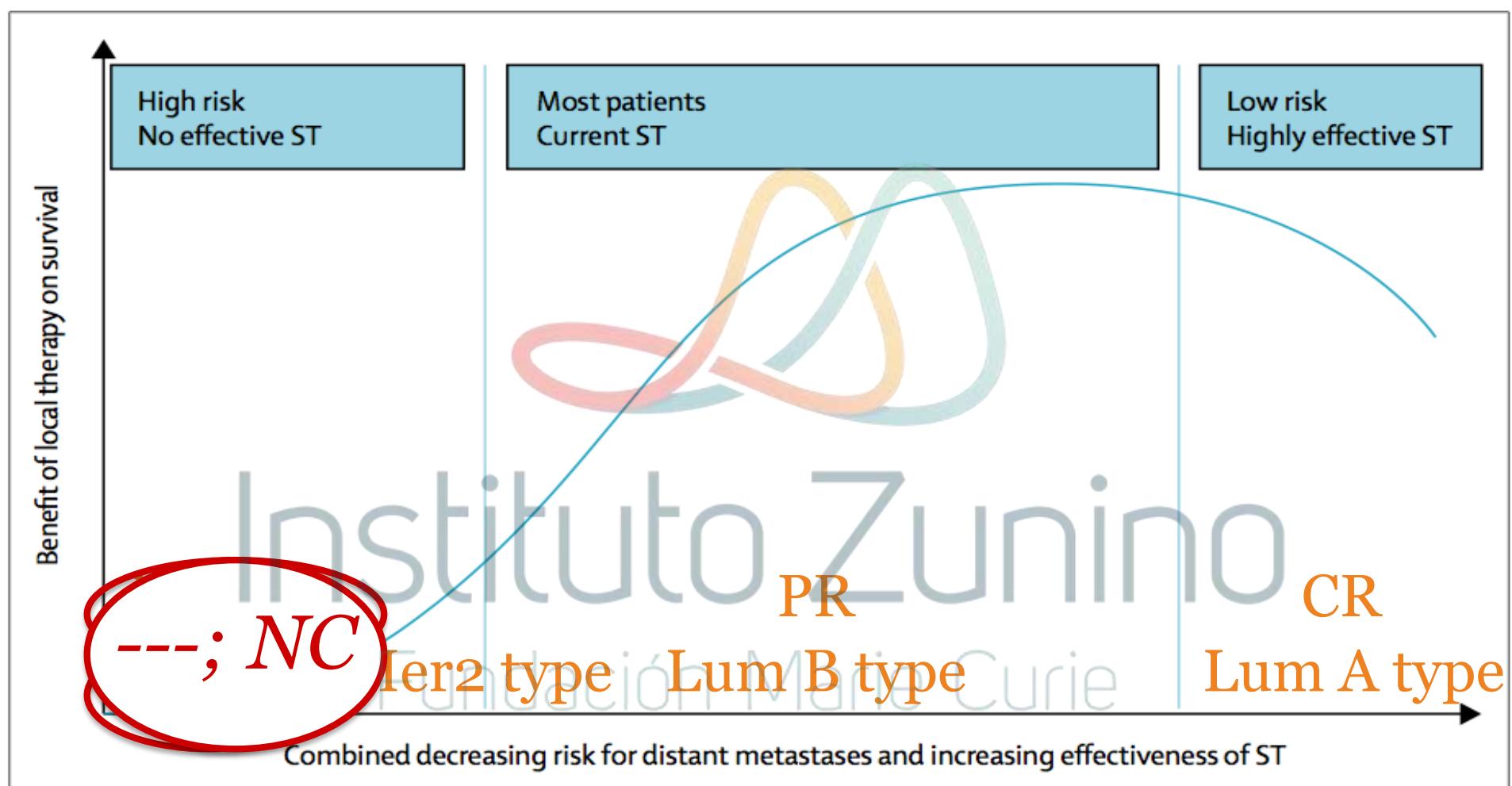


Figure: Combined hypothetical benefit of local tumour control on survival with increasing effectiveness of systemic therapy (ST) and decreasing risk of distant metastases of the primary tumour

T^L

I presented this more than 12 years
ago for the first time...
Really?

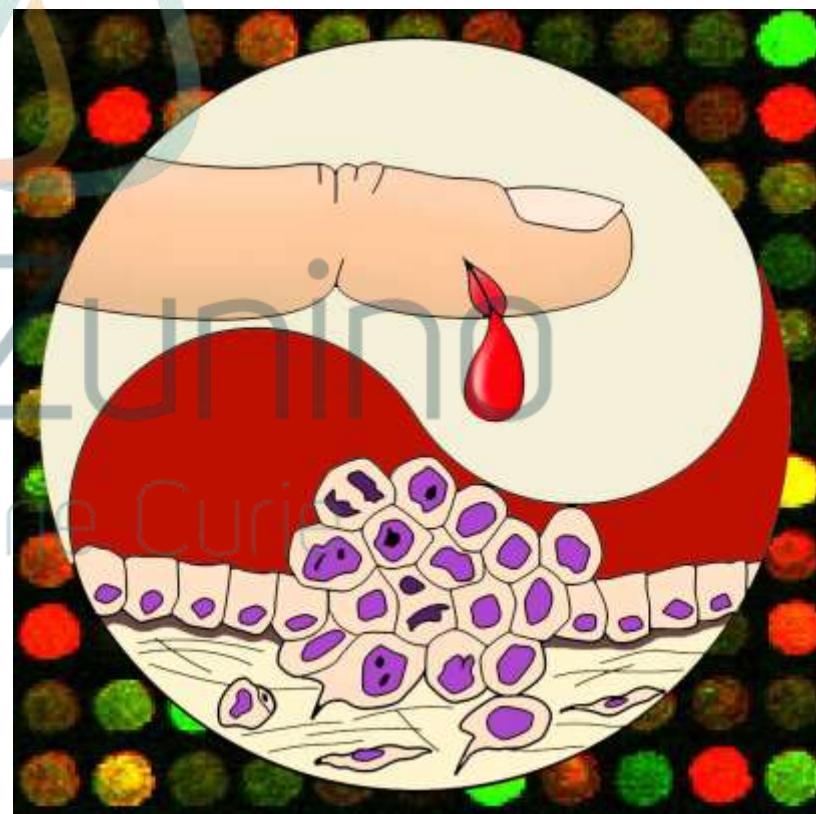
21st century

Wound Response Signature

In vitro Wound Model – 516 genes

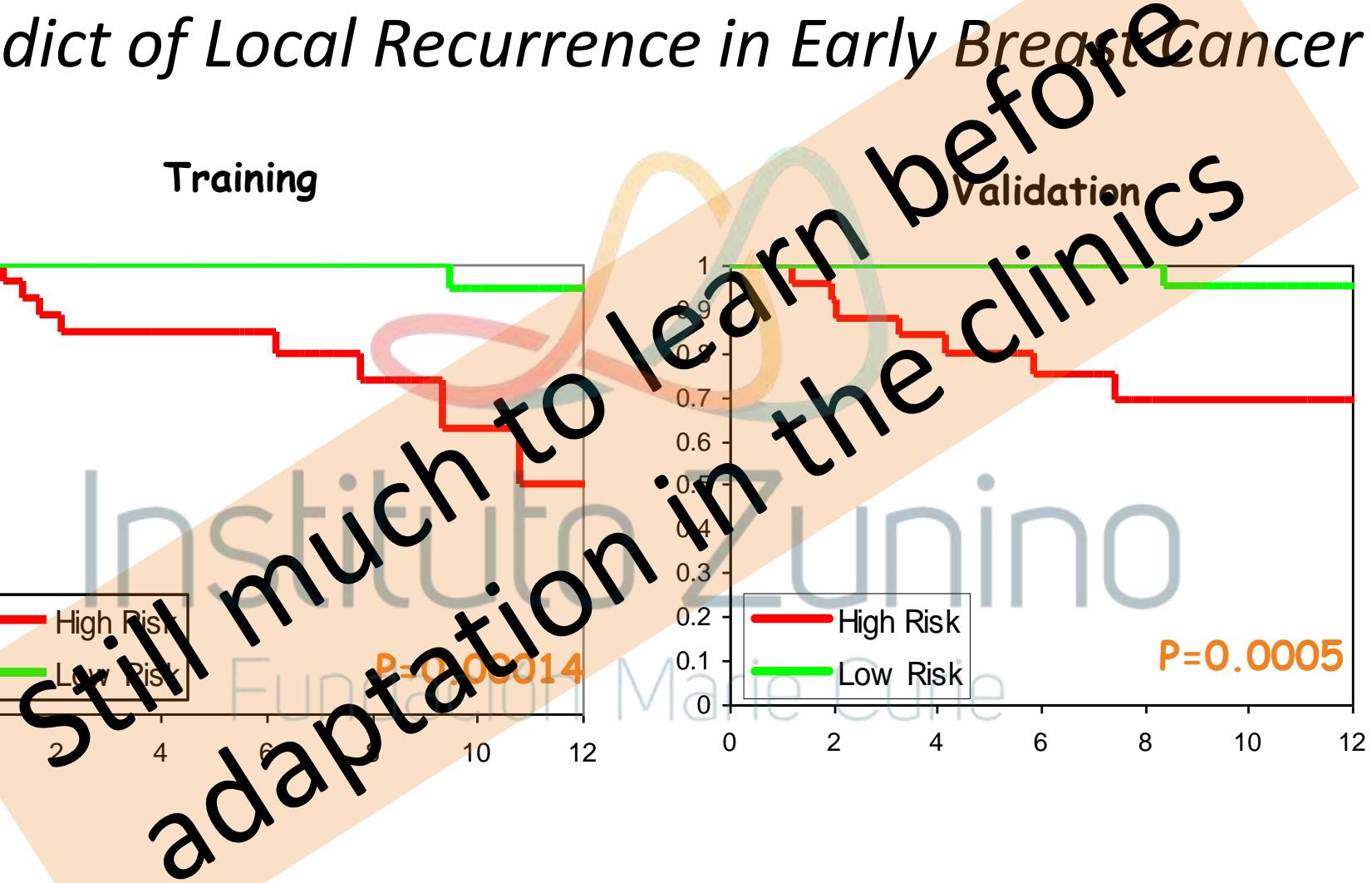
Prognostic Significance in

- Breast
- Lung
- Gastric cancer



Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Discussion

Predict of Local Recurrence in Early Breast Cancer



Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

1. Introduction

2. Molecular subtyping & locoregional treatment

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4. Conclusions



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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm:

Conclusions

- ✓ Validated risk factors are known



- After mastectomy
- After BCS +/- WBRT +/- boost
- After APBI

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- ✓ Risk factors change over time → role of systemic treatment

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: Conclusions

Evolution of sites of recurrence after EBC over the last 20 years

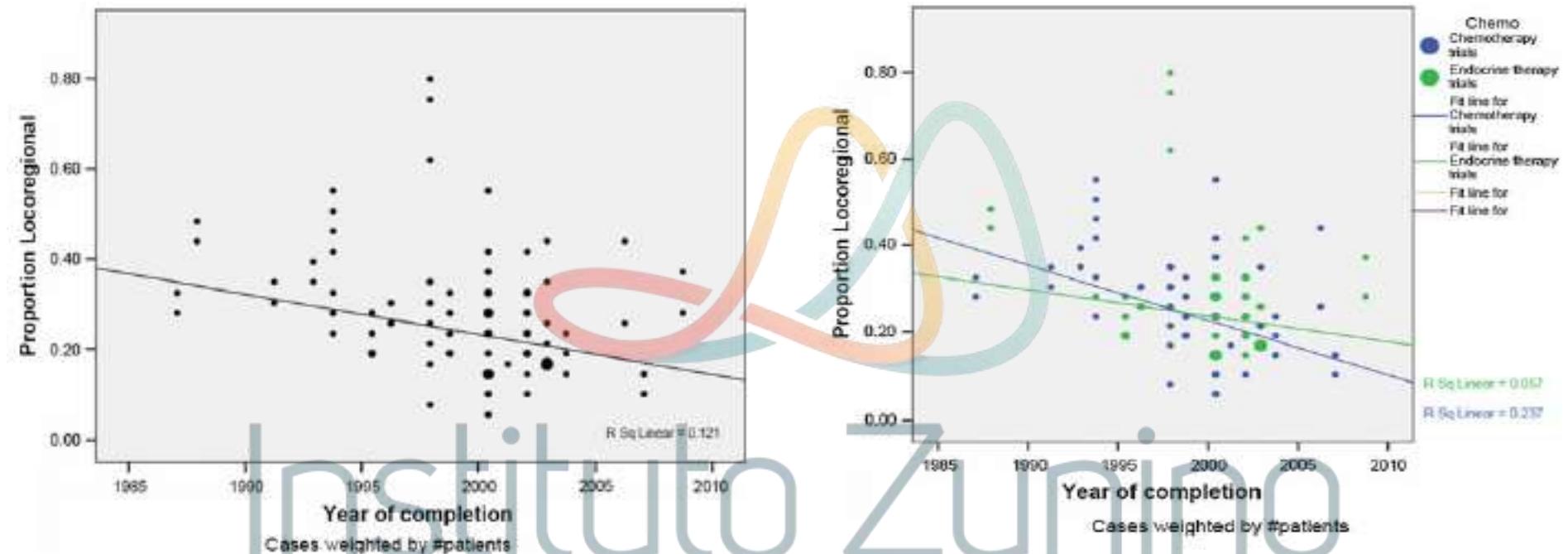


Fig. 1 Proportion of locoregional recurrences over time

Fig. 2 Proportion of locoregional recurrences for endocrine and chemotherapy over time

Advances in treatment have differentially reduced the proportion of LRR compared with DR → down to 10-15% of all recurrences
→ influence design new clinical trials.

Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Conclusions*

Still a lot of work to be done!

- Predictive molecular and genetic testing of normal tissue and tumour responsiveness.
- The role of the immune system and host response.
- Test general hypotheses relating to radiation genomics and normal tissue responses.
- Large databases incl radionomics
- Nanoparticles as radiosensitisers.
- Sequential/serial biopsies.
- Overall treatment time.

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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: *Conclusions*

Lancet Oncol 2016

Published Online

December 16, 2016

[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/
S1470-2045\(16\)30660-X](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(16)30660-X)

Comment

*Philip Poortmans, Orit Kaidar-Person, Paul Span

Radiation oncology enters the era of individualised medicine

VOLUME 34 • NUMBER 22 • AUGUST 1, 2016

JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

CORRESPONDENCE

Lorenzo Livi and Icro Meattini

Orit Kaidar-Person

Philip M. Poortmans

Elective Nodal Irradiation in Breast
Cancer: Time for Trials on the Basis of
Tumor Biology

Take home messages

- The molecular subtype influences the recurrence risk ...
- ... as well as the relative distribution of recurrences!
- Systemic treatments modify the recurrence risks and distribution
...
... and thereby modify the contribution of optimising locoregional control!
- Probably most benefit of locoregional ttm on OS for patients with low-risk tumours (Lum-A) and those treated with effective systemic treatment (Her2; TN)

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Molecular subtypes & locoregional ttm: THM

Take home messages

- The molecular subtype influences the recurrence risk ...
- ... as well as the relative distribution of recurrences!
- Systemic treatments modify the recurrence risks and distribution ...
- ... and thereby modify the contribution of optimising locoregional control!
- Probably most benefit of locoregional ttm on OS for patients with low-risk tumours (Lum-A) and those treated with effective systemic treatment (Her2; TN)

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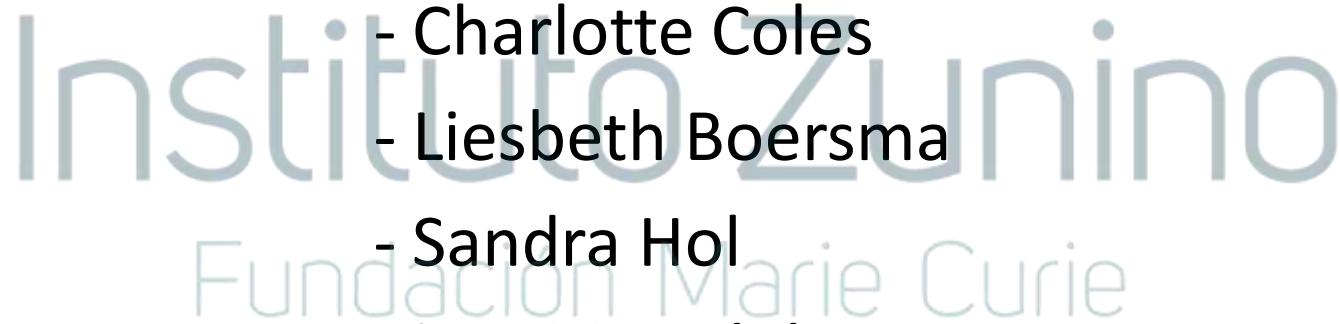
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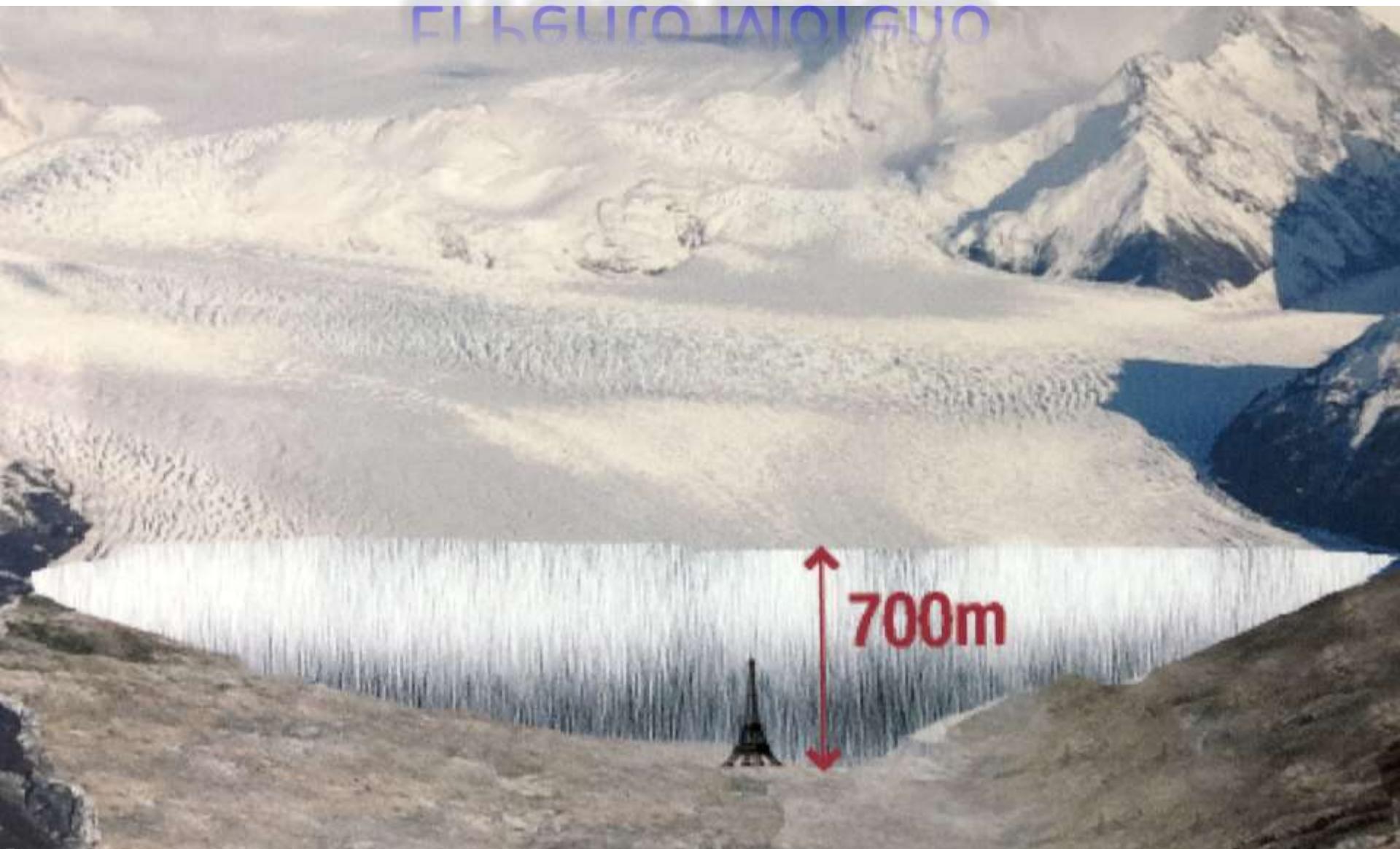
Fundación María Gurié

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- And many others!



El Perito Moreno

EL PERITO MORENO



El Glaciarium

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